

Other Area 9 Interim Measure – Third Semiannual Report

Boeing Plant 2 Seattle/Tukwila, Washington

Prepared For:

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ACRONYMS

bgs below ground surface

BTEX benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene

COC contaminant of concern

°C degrees Celsius

DPT direct-push technology

dTMCL draft Target Media Cleanup Level

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

EPI Environmental Partners, Inc.
EAD enhanced aerobic degradation

IM Interim Measure mg/L milligrams per liter

mV millivolts

mS/cm milliSiemens per centimeter

μg/L micrograms per liter

NTU nephlometric turbidity units

OA Other Area

ORP oxidation-reduction potential

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

SAP Sampling and Analysis Plan SCFH standard cubic feet per hour SL Plant 2 Screening Level

SWMU Solid Waste Management Unit TPH total petroleum hydrocarbons

TPH-D total petroleum hydrocarbons – diesel range TPH-G total petroleum hydrocarbons – gasoline range

UST underground storage tank VOC volatile organic compound

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This third semiannual report presents information and data on the Interim Measure (IM) at Other Area 9 (OA-9) located in the 2-60s Area at Boeing Plant 2. This report covers data generated during the time period from November 2009 through April 2010. This report is the last semiannual report associated with the OA-9 IM. The OA-9 IM will be shut down in June 2010 and monitoring and bioventing wells associated with the OA-9 IM will be decommissioned as a necessary preparation step for building demolition work that Boeing has planned for this area. No additional quarterly analytical data will be generated following the April 2010 sampling event.

In a letter dated August 18, 2008 from the United States Environmental Protection Agency Region X (EPA) to Boeing, EPA gave approval to implement the *Interim Measure Work Plan for Other Area 9* (Environmental Partners, Inc. [EPI], 2008). This work plan presented details for remediation of total petroleum hydrocarbon (TPH) impacts to soil and groundwater in an area associated with Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Unit OA-9 and Solid Waste Management Unit 2-78.6 (SWMU 2-78.6). OA-9 consists of three former underground storage tanks (USTs) identified as PL-16, PL-17, and PL-18. SWMU 2-78.6 is a nearby former oil-water separator. When the three USTs and oil-water separator were removed from the OA-9 IM area, some contaminated soil was inaccessible and left in place due to numerous subsurface utilities. As a result, impacted soil occurs in discrete areas next to and within utility corridors, which makes the subsurface distribution of contaminant sources at OA-9 very heterogeneous.

The impacted vadose soil and groundwater associated with these units are being addressed together and are referred to as OA-9. Figure 1 presents a general location map of Plant 2 and Figure 2 is a site representation showing the location of the OA-9 IM at Plant 2.

Based on the 2-60s Area Data Gap Investigation Report (EPI, 2006), contaminants of concern (COCs) for vadose zone soil at OA-9 are gasoline-range petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH-G) and the volatile organic compounds (VOCs) benzene and ethylbenzene. Groundwater COCs are TPH-G and the VOC benzene. Detailed drawings showing the locations of the soil detections and groundwater plumes are presented in the OA-9 IM Work Plan (EPI, 2008). Figures 3 and 4 present diagrams of the approximate extent of impacted soil and groundwater, respectively, at OA-9. The area of impacted groundwater shown in Figure 4 is defined by the benzene plume, which coincides with and extends beyond the TPH-G plume.

2.0 INTERIM MEASURE IMPLEMENTATION

Bioventing was selected as the IM soil treatment technology for vadose soil and enhanced aerobic degradation (EAD) was selected as the IM groundwater treatment technology. These two technologies complement each other and were implemented together at OA-9 to introduce oxygen into the subsurface soil and groundwater. The increased available oxygen is intended to enhance aerobic bacteria populations, which destroy contaminant hydrocarbons and VOCs through aerobic metabolism of the organic contaminant molecules.

Bioventing is an *in situ* soil remedial technology that introduces oxygen in air into the open pore spaces of vadose zone soil by using a blower to inject air at relatively low flow rates into the soil through a series of injection wells. The oxygen introduced into the soil stimulates indigenous microorganisms to metabolize and destroy organic compounds adsorbed to soil particles.

EAD is an *in situ* groundwater remedial technology that introduces chemically bound oxygen into groundwater, which stimulates the growth of indigenous microorganisms. The enhanced microbial populations metabolize and destroy petroleum hydrocarbons and benzene in groundwater. The oxygen-release compound used at OA-9 is a proprietary product with the trade name EHC-O™, which is produced by Adventus Americas, Inc. More detailed descriptions of these remedial technologies and their applicability and limitations are presented in the OA-9 IM Work Plan (EPI, 2008).

Prior to this IM remedial work at OA-9 included excavation and removal of contaminated vadose zone soil; however, buildings and extensive subsurface utilities in the area prevented the removal of all contaminated soil. Bioventing was implemented to remediate these remaining pockets of impacted vadose soil and augment parallel work to remediate the associated groundwater plume.

In September 2008 six bioventing wells were installed to facilitate in-situ remediation of impacted vadose zone soil. During October and November, pipe trenches were dug and 2-inch diameter PVC pipe was installed to provide a supply of pressurized air to all nine bioventing wells. A blower, trailer, pipe manifold, and electrical power were then installed and connected to supply air to the bioventing wells. Details of the wells and bioventing system installation are presented in the First Semiannual Report (EPI, 2009). The bioventing system blower was started on December 15, 2008. Respirometry testing was performed quarterly to monitor the status of the bioventing system.

During October and November 2008, a solution of 5,000 pounds of EHC-O™ and potable water was injected into groundwater in a grid of 20 points by direct-push technology (DPT). The injections were made over the depth interval from 10 to 30 feet below ground surface (bgs). Details of the injection process are presented in the First Semiannual Report (EPI, 2009). Groundwater was monitored quarterly to assess the progress of groundwater remediation. Figure 5 is a general representation of the bioventing system and EAD injection locations at OA-9.

3.0 PERFORMANCE MONITORING METHODOLOGY

The primary objective of the OA-9 IM is to destroy TPH and the non-chlorinated VOC mass in vadose zone soil and groundwater through EAD. Performance monitoring was performed quarterly to evaluate remedial treatment progress. Performance monitoring data are compared to baseline data and previous performance monitoring data to determine reductions in contaminant concentrations and trends in subsurface geochemical conditions. There are two components of performance monitoring for the OA-9 IM: respirometry testing for vadose zone soil remediation and groundwater sampling for groundwater remediation. Procedures for both monitoring components are described below.

3.1 Respirometry Test Methodology

Respirometry testing is not a direct measure of soil remediation, but it does indicate the rate at which microorganisms are consuming available oxygen in the soil pore spaces. Results of respirometry testing provide an indirect measure of the rate of contaminant degradation by microorganisms. Respirometry testing was performed quarterly in coordination with groundwater performance monitoring.

Respirometry testing consists of turning off the bioventing blower, collecting pore space air samples from selected wells, and measuring the subsequent decline in oxygen concentration as microorganisms consume oxygen. Respirometry test wells were selected based on historical analytical data indicating that they are installed in areas with high concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons.

Pore space vapor samples are collected from test wells approximately 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, and 8 hours after the blower is turned off. A high-volume air sampling pump is used to evacuate atmospheric air in the well casing, followed by pore space gas sample collection. Samples are collected into 5-liter Tedlar™ bags and measured for oxygen content using a QRae multi-parameter gas meter. The oxygen concentration versus time for each tested well is plotted to produce an oxygen-decline curve that can be mathematically converted to a rate of petroleum degradation using standard bioventing assumptions.

3.2 Groundwater Sampling Methodology

Groundwater samples were collected quarterly from the six A-level monitoring wells at the OA-9 IM monitoring network. The six sampled wells are listed below and their locations are shown in Figure 5.

• PL2-310A	• PL2-604A
• PL2-311A	• PL2-605AR
• PL2-332A	• PL2-606A

Groundwater samples were collected using the methods and procedures presented in the Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP), which is Appendix A of the OA-9 IM Work Plan (EPI, 2008).

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Groundwater samples were analyzed for gasoline-range petroleum hydrocarbons by Method NWTPH-Gx; diesel- and heavier-range petroleum hydrocarbons by Method NWTPH-Dx; and benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes (BTEX) compounds by EPA Method 8260C. Tables in the SAP present specifications for reporting limits, containers, preservation, and holding times.

4.0 PERFORMANCE MONITORING RESULTS

4.1 Fifth Quarter

Fifth quarter respirometry testing was performed on January 15, 2010. Respirometry test results are presented in Table 1 and test data and plots are presented in Attachment A. The fifth quarter respirometry test was performed using wells PL2-311A, PL2-604A, and PL2-606A. Estimated oxygen consumption rates were too low to calculate for PL2-311A, PL2-604A, and PL2-606A indicating no or minimal bioactivity at all three test wells.

Groundwater monitoring was performed on January 28, 2010. Groundwater performance monitoring analytical results are presented in Table 2 and Attachment B. Field parameter stabilization data measured during well purging prior to sample collection are presented in Attachment C.

Groundwater analytical results for the fifth quarter indicated detections of TPH-G at concentrations greater than the Plant 2 Screening Level (SL) of 800 micrograms per liter (μ g/L) in samples from PL2-310A, PL2-311A and PL2-604A. TPH-G was detected in the sample from PL2-605AR at a concentration less than the SL and was not detected in samples from PL2-332A and PL2-606A.

TPH-D was detected in the sample from PL2-310A at a concentration of 300 μ g/L, which is less than its SL of 500 μ g/L. Results for samples from all other wells were non-detect for TPH-D. Data from all wells were non-detect for oil-range petroleum hydrocarbons.

Benzene was detected in groundwater samples from three wells: PL2-310A, PL2-311A, and PL2-605AR, but only the sample from well PL2-311A was at a concentration greater than its SL of 4.48 μ g/L and draft Target Media Cleanup Level (dTMCL) of 2.0 μ g/L. The sample from well PL2-310A had a benzene concentration greater than the dTMCL but below the SL. Benzene was not detected in the samples from wells PL2-332A, PL2-604A, and PL2-606A.

All ethylbenzene sample results were at concentrations below the SL of 2,100 $\mu g/L$. Samples from PL2-310A and PL2-311A (and its duplicate) had ethylbenzene concentrations greater than the dTMCL of 30 $\mu g/L$. The remaining detections of BTEX constituents were at concentrations less than their respective SLs and dTMCLs. All VOC results for the fifth quarterly sampling event are presented in Attachment B.

4.2 Sixth Quarter

Sixth quarter respirometry test was performed on April 13, 2010. Repirometry test results are summarized in Table 1 and test data and plots are presented in Attachment A. The sixth quarter respirometry test was performed using wells PL2-311A, PL2-604A, and PL2-606A. Estimated oxygen consumption rates of 0.09, 0.00, and 0.00 percent per hour were calculated for PL2-

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311A, PL2-604A, and PL2-606A, respectively. The oxygen consumption rates indicate minimal vadose zone microbial activity at PL2-311A and no measurable vadose zone microbial activity at PL2-606A and PL2-604A.

Groundwater monitoring was performed on April 27 and 29, 2010. Groundwater performance analytical results are presented in Table 3 and Attachment B. Field parameter stabilization data measured during well purging prior to sampling are presented in Attachment C.

Groundwater analytical results for the sixth quarter indicated detections of TPH-G at concentrations greater than the Plant 2 SL of 800 µg/L in samples from PL2-310A and PL2-311A. TPH-G was not detected in samples from PL2-332A, PL2-604A, PL2-605AR, and PL2-606A.

TPH-D was not detected in the groundwater samples from any of the six OA-9 IM performance monitoring wells. Data from all wells were also non-detect for oil-range petroleum hydrocarbons.

Benzene was detected in groundwater samples from wells PL2-310A and PL2-311A at concentrations greater than its SL and dTMCL. Benzene was not detected in samples from other OA-9 IM wells.

All ethylbenzene sample results were at concentrations less than the applicable SL of 2,100 μ g/L. Samples from PL2-310A and PL2-311A (and its duplicate) had ethylbenzene concentrations greater than the applicable dTMCL of 30 μ g/L. The remaining detections of BTEX constituents were at concentrations less than their respective SLs and dTMCLs. All VOC results for the sixth quarterly sampling event are presented in Attachment B.

4.3 Data Summary

Table 4 presents TPH, BTEX, and field parameter data for baseline and all six quarters of groundwater performance monitoring. TPH-G and benzene concentrations are greater than Plant 2 SLs and dTMCLs in samples from PL2-310A and PL2-311A, but are generally trending downward in the fifth and sixth quarter sample data. Sixth quarter TPH-G data at PL2-311A and fifth and sixth quarter benzene data at PL2-311A and sixth quarter benzene data at PL2-310A indicated small increases in concentrations, which may be simple data variability. As of the sixth quarter TPH-D concentrations have decreased to non-detect in all wells. Contaminants have not been detected in samples from downgradient well PL2-332A demonstrating that the EHC-O™ injection associated with the OA-9 IM has not caused downgradient impacts.

Benzene concentrations have decreased to non-detect in samples from wells PL2-604A, PL2-605AR, PL2-606A, and PL2-332A. Benzene concentrations decreased after EHC-O™ injection in samples from wells PL2-310A and PL2-311A but more recent data indicate steady or perhaps slightly increased concentrations.

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Toluene, ethylbenzene, m,p-xylene, and o-xylene were detected in samples from several wells at concentrations less than applicable SLs and dTMCLs and concentration trends for these compounds were generally decreasing.

Successful remedial progress has been demonstrated for large areas of contamination based on analytical data, which document decreases in contaminant concentrations in groundwater. Field measured dissolved oxygen and oxidation-reduction potential (ORP) measurements are not at optimal levels for continued EAD. However, the residual impacted soil surrounding underground utilities at OA-9 will be excavated and transported for offsite disposal following the planned demolition of Building 2-44 and Building 2-49 and surrounding areas. Those excavations will directly remove TPH and benzene impacted soil source material at OA-9 more efficiently and effectively than further indirect soil remediation provided by continued operation of the bioventing system.

Table 1 respirometry test data indicate little or no oxygen consumption by microorganisms at PL2-311A, PL2-604A, and PL2-606A. Little or no vadose zone biological activity is happening at these locations and little or no contaminant destruction is ongoing. The respirometry test data indicate that bacterial consumption of oxygen has decreased to a rate that is not measurable by the respirometry testing procedure. The decrease in oxygen consumption rate indicates that contaminated soil within the bioventing zone of influence has likely been remediated to the extent that the residual contaminant mass is no longer sufficient to support measureable aerobic bacterial activity.

Attachment D contains copies of field logbook notes for both groundwater sampling and respirometry test events and Attachment E contains data validation reports for the fifth and sixth quarterly sampling events.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

TPH and BTEX concentrations in groundwater performance samples have declined in five of six wells in the OA-9 IM monitoring well network after one-and-one-half years of remedial treatment. Samples from wells PL2-310A and PL2-311A exhibit declining concentrations of most constituents but TPH-G and benzene remain at concentrations greater than Plant 2 screening levels likely indicating that the injected oxygen-release compound has been consumed and that the driving force for EAD is depleted. The dashed blue line in Figure 5 indicates and estimated extent of groundwater impacts as of April 2010.

Respirometry test data are variable, likely as a result of the heterogeneous distribution of contaminants in the vadose zone. As noted in Section 1.0, underground utilities, and imported backfill material create increased heterogeneity by forming both barriers and preferential pathways to subsurface air distribution by the bioventing system.

The oxygen decline curve and oxygen consumption rate at PL2-311A was significant for four quarters, but the rate of change has decreased to near zero for more recent quarters. The oxygen decline curves for PL2-604A and PL2-606A have also decreased to zero. This indicates that there is little to no microbiological activity within the area of influence of each well. The decrease in oxygen consumption rate indicates that contaminated soil within the bioventing zone of influence has likely been remediated to the extent that the residual contaminant mass is no longer sufficient to support measureable aerobic bacterial activity.

The data collected indicate that after six quarters of operation, bioventing and EAD remedial mechanisms have operated as planned to decrease the contaminant mass by increasing the rate of contaminant destruction in OA-9 vadose zone soil and groundwater. Heterogeneity of subsurface air flow pathways and contaminant source areas increases the variability of respirometry and performance monitoring data, making definitive spatial data evaluation more challenging.

In June 2010 the OA-9 IM will cease operation in preparation for the Building 2-44 and Building 2-49 demolition. Aboveground bioventing equipment will be disconnected and removed from the area. All OA-9 IM wells will be decommissioned according to applicable regulations. Remaining contamination surrounding subsurface utilities in the area will be excavated and removed as part of demolition of those utilities. Soil screening and sampling will be conducted and remaining petroleum-impacted soil with contaminant concentrations greater than cleanup levels will be excavated and appropriately disposed as part of demolition work.

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6.0 SCHEDULE

The schedule below indicates the end of the active current OA-9 IM remedial operation in June 2010.

Schedule for OA-9 IM

IM Decommissioning	June 2010	End of IM Operation

7.0 REFERENCES

EPI, 2006	Environmental Partners, Inc. "2-60s Area Data Gap Investigation Report." Boeing Plant 2. Seattle/Tukwila, Washington. August 2006.
EPI, 2008	Environmental Partners, Inc. "Interim Measure Work Plan for Other Area 9." Boeing Plant 2. Seattle/Tukwila, Washington. July 7, 2008.
EPI, 2009	Environmental Partners, Inc. "Other Area 9 Interim Measure – First Semiannual Report." Boeing Plant 2. Seattle/Tukwila, Washington. June 26, 2009.
EPI, 2010	Environmental Partners, Inc. "Other Area 9 Interim Measure – Second Semiannual Report." Boeing Plant 2. Seattle/Tukwila, Washington. January 29, 2010.

TABLES

Table 1. OA-9 IM Respirometry Test Results

			Well Tested and Oxygen Consumption Rate							
Event	Date	Injection Air Flow Rate (SCFH)*	Well	% / hour	Well	% / hour	Well	% / hour		
System Start	12/15/08	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
Initial System Test	1/12/09	40	PL2-310A	anomalous results	PL2-311A	0.15	PL2-606A	0.23		
1st Quarter Test	1/30/09	40	PL2-604A	0	PL2-311A	2.07	PL2-606A	0.19		
Operating Adjustment	3/3/09	90	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
2nd Quarter Test	4/29/09	90	PL2-604A	0	PL2-311A	1.59	PL2-606A	0.07		
3rd Quarter Test	7/14/09	90	PL2-604A	0.04	PL2-311A	1.46	PL2-606A	0.05		
4th Quarter Test	10/13/09	90	PL2-604A	0.05	PL2-311A	1.71	PL2-606A	0.09		
5th Quarter Test	1/15/10	90	PL2-604A	0	PL2-311A	0	PL2-606A	0		
6th Quarter Test	4/13/10	90	PL2-604A	0	PL2-311A	0.09	PL2-606A	0		

Notes:

NA = not applicable

SCFH = standard cubic feet per hour

^{*} air rate injected into each of nine bioventing wells

Table 2. OA-9 IM 5th Quarter Groundwater Analytical Data Summary (January 2010)

Well	Date	NWTPH-Gx		PH-Dx g/L)			BTEX VOCs (μg/L)		
		(mg/L)	Diesel	Motor oil	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	m,p-Xylene	o-Xylene
PL2-310A	1/28/10	6.5	0.30	<0.50	3.8	5.5	55	57	12
PL2-311A	1/28/10	5.1	< 0.25	< 0.50	210	11	160	100	20
PL2-311A (dup)	1/28/10	5.2	< 0.25	< 0.50	210	11	150	95	18
PL2-332A	1/28/10	<0.25	< 0.25	<0.50	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.4	<0.2
PL2-604A	1/28/10	0.99	< 0.25	<0.50	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.4	<0.2
PL2-605AR	1/28/10	0.48	< 0.25	<0.50	0.4	0.5	4.8	1.6	<0.2
PL2-606A	1/28/10	<0.25	<0.25	<0.50	<0.2	<0.2	0.3	0.4	<0.2
Screening Level (2004)		8.0	0.5	0.5	4.48	*	2,100	*	*
dTMCL		NA	NA	NA	2.0	*	30	*	*

Notes:

< = not detected at the value indicated

mg/L = milligrams per liter

 μ g/L = micrograms per liter

BTEX = benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene

dTMCL = draft Target Media Cleanup Level

NA = not applicable

NWTPH-Dx = Northwest Total Petroleum hydrocarbons - diesel range extended

NWTPH-Gx = Northwest Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons - gasoline range

^{* =} not a COC at Plant 2

Table 3. OA-9 IM 6th Quarter Groundwater Analytical Data Summary (April 2010)

Well	Date	NWTPH-Gx		PH-Dx g/L)	BTEX VOCs (μg/L)				
		(mg/L)	Diesel	Motor oil	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	m,p-Xylene	o-Xylene
PL2-310A	4/27/10	4.8	<0.25	<0.50	39	2.6	200	3.2	0.3
PL2-311A	4/27/10	6.2	<0.25	<0.50	180	11	160	100	24
PL2-311A (dup)	4/27/10	6.3	<0.25	<0.50	200	12	200	110	26
PL2-332A	4/27/10	<0.25	<0.25	<0.50	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.4	<0.2
PL2-604A	4/27/10	<0.25	<0.25	<0.50	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.4	<0.2
PL2-605AR	4/29/10	<0.25	<0.25	<0.50	<0.2	<0.2	1.6	<0.4	0.4
PL2-606A	4/29/10	<0.25	<0.25	<0.50	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.4	<0.2
Screening Level (2004)		8.0	0.5	0.5	4.48	*	2,100	*	*
dTMCL		NA	NA	NA	2.0	*	30	*	*

Notes:

< = not detected at the value indicated

mg/L = milligrams per liter

μg/L = micrograms per liter

BTEX = benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene

dTMCL = draft Target Media Cleanup Level

NA = not applicable

NWTPH-Dx = Northwest Total Petroleum hydrocarbons - diesel range extended

NWTPH-Gx = Northwest Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons - gasoline range

^{* =} not a COC at Plant 2

Table 4. OA-9 IM Groundwater Monitoring Analytical and Field Parameter Data Summary

					PH-Dx g/L)			BTEX VOCs (µg/L)						Field Param	eters		
Well	Event	Date	NWTPH-Gx (mg/L)	Diesel	Motor oil	Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	m,p-Xylene	o-Xylene	рН	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	ORP (mV)	Temp (°C)	Turbidity (NTU)	Specific Conductance (mS/cm)	Depth to Water (feet)
PL2-310A	Baseline 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 3rd Quarter (dup) 4th Quarter 5th Quarter 6th Quarter	9/25/08 1/27/09 4/27/09 7/27/09 7/27/09 10/27/09 1/28/10 4/27/10	5.6 14.0 11 7.5 7.6 7.4 6.5 4.8	<0.25 <0.25 0.44 <0.25 0.26 0.29 0.30 <0.25	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50	28 39 27 17 17 16 3.8 39	2.3 10 12 6.2 6.2 3.3 5.5 2.6	310 340 540 180 170 360 55 200	2.7 48 50 19 19 10 57 3.2	0.4 13 6.4 2.6 2.7 <2.0 12 0.3	6.35 5.92 6.37 6.67 6.43 6.35 6.56	0.1 0.5 0.3 0.2 0.6 0.3 0.4	-26 -135 -175 -37 -91 -3 -86	17.4 12.4 12.9 17.4 18.1 13.9 15.1	30.5 12.1 14.7 0.2 1.3 8.1 3.2	10.06 0.89 1.75 3.10 6.89 2.06 2.46	11.35 10.84 10.82 11.30 11.09 9.40 10.38
PL2-311A	Baseline 1st Quarter 1st Quarter (dup) 2nd Quarter 2nd Quarter (dup) 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter 5th Quarter 6th Quarter 6th Quarter (dup)	9/25/08 1/27/09 1/27/09 4/27/09 4/27/09 7/27/09 10/27/09 1/28/10 4/27/10	15 11 14 8.4 8.7 6.5 6.1 5.1 5.2 6.2 6.3	0.40 0.29 0.26 0.32 0.35 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50	19 190 200 440 430 150 150 210 210 210 180 200	27 28 27 23 23 11 11 11 11 11	730 310 310 340 360 98 200 160 150 160 200	700 300 300 250 250 72 76 100 95 100	140 43 45 38 38 20 20 20 20 20 18 24 26	6.19 10.67* 6.90 7.19 7.34 7.03 7.09	0.1 0.5 0.3 0.2 0.9 0.3 0.4 	-48 -182 -176 -113 -96 -123 -166	17.0 14.8 16.0 17.2 17.6 14.9 14.8	9.4 11.5 9.6 8.2 8.8 6.7 4.4	10.29 5.02 7.85 3.18 4.48 4.40 2.96	10.87 10.55 10.75 11.19 10.97 9.59 10.24
PL2-332A	Baseline 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter 5th Quarter 6th Quarter	9/26/08 1/27/09 4/27/09 7/27/09 10/27/09 1/28/10 4/27/10	<0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25	<0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50	<0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2	<0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2	<0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2	<0.4 <0.4 <0.4 <0.4 <0.4 <0.4	<0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2	6.64 5.33 5.45 6.22 5.88 6.09 6.39	0.1 0.8 0.6 0.4 1.7 0.7	51 -8 16 104 72 80 106	17.1 13.9 13.1 16.1 17.0 14.8 14.3	0.0 0.4 0.8 0.0 0.9 2.9 0.6	0.39 0.47 1.00 0.58 0.61 0.51	11.12 10.78 11.91 11.21 10.82 9.51 10.51
PL2-604A	Baseline 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter 5th Quarter 6th Quarter	9/25/08 1/27/09 4/27/09 7/27/09 10/27/09 1/28/10 4/27/10	0.50 <0.25 0.33 0.36 0.56 0.99 <0.25	<0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50	0.5 25 26 0.6 4.1 <0.2 <0.2	<0.2 <0.6 0.6 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2	<0.2 <0.6 0.3 0.6 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2	<0.4 <1.2 0.5 <0.4 <0.4 <0.4	<0.2 <0.6 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2	6.92 6.11 6.42 7.06 7.00 6.71 6.72	0.1 0.4 6.3 0.2 0.7 0.2 0.9	-43 -156 -137 -125 -113 -75 -105	16.1 13.4 13.1 15.7 16.8 14.8	14.6 28.7 10.0 3.3 5.4 7.3 9.6	3.03 1.19 2.42 1.23 2.74 1.53 0.99	11.37 11.00 10.96 11.47 11.24 9.54 10.54
PL2-605AR	Baseline Baseline (dup) 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter 5th Quarter 6th Quarter	9/25/08 9/25/08 1/29/09 4/27/09 7/27/09 10/27/09 1/28/10 4/29/10	0.30 0.31 <0.25 0.43 0.58 0.51 0.48 <0.25	<0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50	0.5 0.5 <0.2 0.6 0.3 0.6 0.4 <0.2	<0.2 <0.2 <0.2 0.5 0.5 0.3 0.5 <0.2	<0.2 <0.2 <0.2 4.7 2.5 0.3 4.8 1.6	<0.4 <0.4 <0.4 1.8 1.6 1.3 1.6 <0.4	<0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2	6.61 7.64 6.29 6.98 7.05 6.69 7.50	0.1 17.0** 0.2 0.2 0.5 0.4 0.5	15 94 -111 -99 -86 -20 -76	16.3 14.2 14.6 15.8 16.1 14.4	7.5 12.1 68.4 33.2 13.9 28.4 9.5	3.80 1.37 4.18 2.34 2.83 2.81 2.10	11.16 10.50 10.72 11.22 11.00 9.39 10.34
PL2-606A	Baseline 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter 4th Quarter (dup) 5th Quarter 6th Quarter	9/26/08 1/29/09 4/27/09 7/27/09 10/27/09 10/27/09 1/28/10 4/29/10	1.9 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25	<0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25 <0.25	<0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50 <0.50	17 0.6 0.6 0.4 0.5 0.5 <0.2 <0.2	3.7 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2	110 2.8 1.3 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.3 <0.2	17 0.6 0.5 <0.4 <0.4 <0.4 0.4	2.5 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2 <0.2	6.91 8.21 9.36 8.34 10.07 9.71 9.12	0.2 11.4** 3.6 3.6 15.3 4.3 14.7	-38 23 -81 41 74 66 133	16.5 15.9 15.3 16.6 16.5 14.8 14.6	0.0 18.5 8.0 2.8 24.8 8.5 15.4	1.02 0.95 1.88 0.77 0.85 1.41 0.75	11.17 11.30 10.75 11.39 11.12 9.42 10.80
	Screening Level (200 dTMCL	04)	0.8 NA	0.5 NA	0.5 NA	4.48 2.0	*	2,100 30	*	*		ector Notos					

Groundwater Notes:

* = not a groundwater COC at Plant 2
< = not detected at the reporting limit indicated

mg/L = milligrams per liter

μg/L = micrograms per liter BTEX = benzene, toluene, ethylbenze, and xylene

dTMCL = draft Target Media Screening Level

NA = not applicable

NWTPH-Gx = Northwest Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons – gasoline range NWTPH-Dx = Northwest Total Petroleum hydrocarbons – diesel range extended

VOC = volatile organic compound

Field Parameter Notes:

* reading verified by second instrument

** water was effervescing, may have been supersaturated

--- duplicate sample

°C = degrees Celsius mg/L = milligrams per liter

mS/cm - milliSiemens per centimeter

mV = millivolts

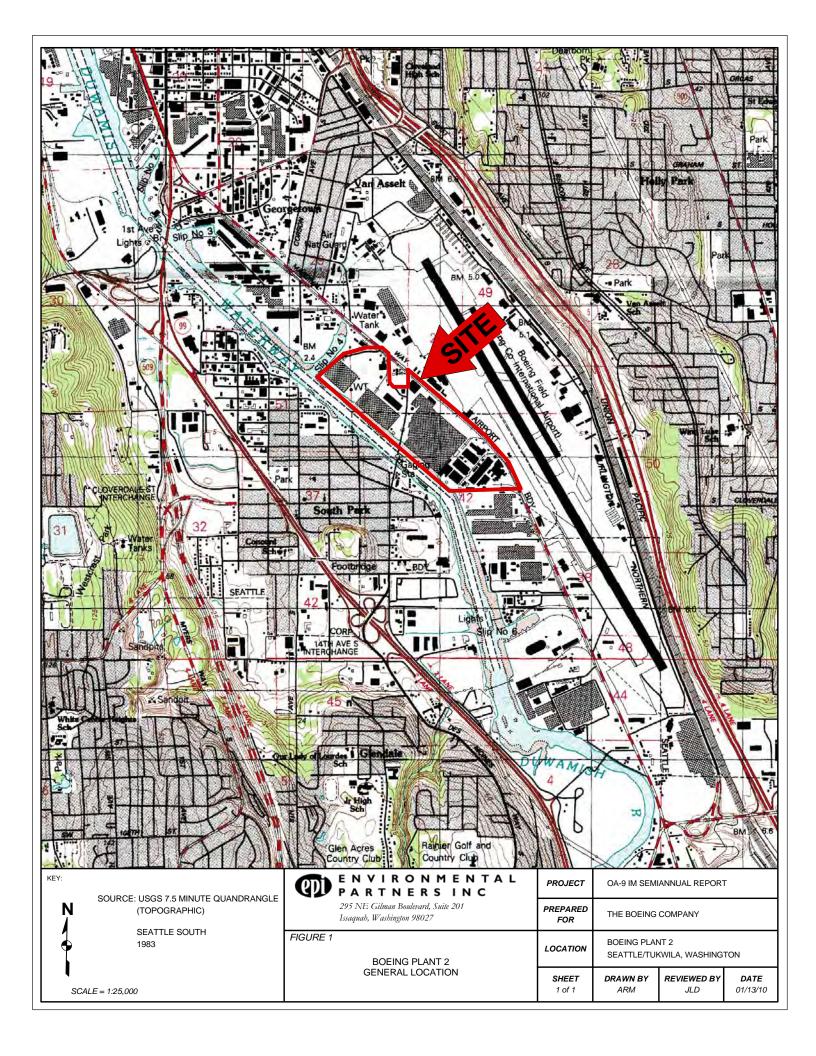
BTEX = benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene

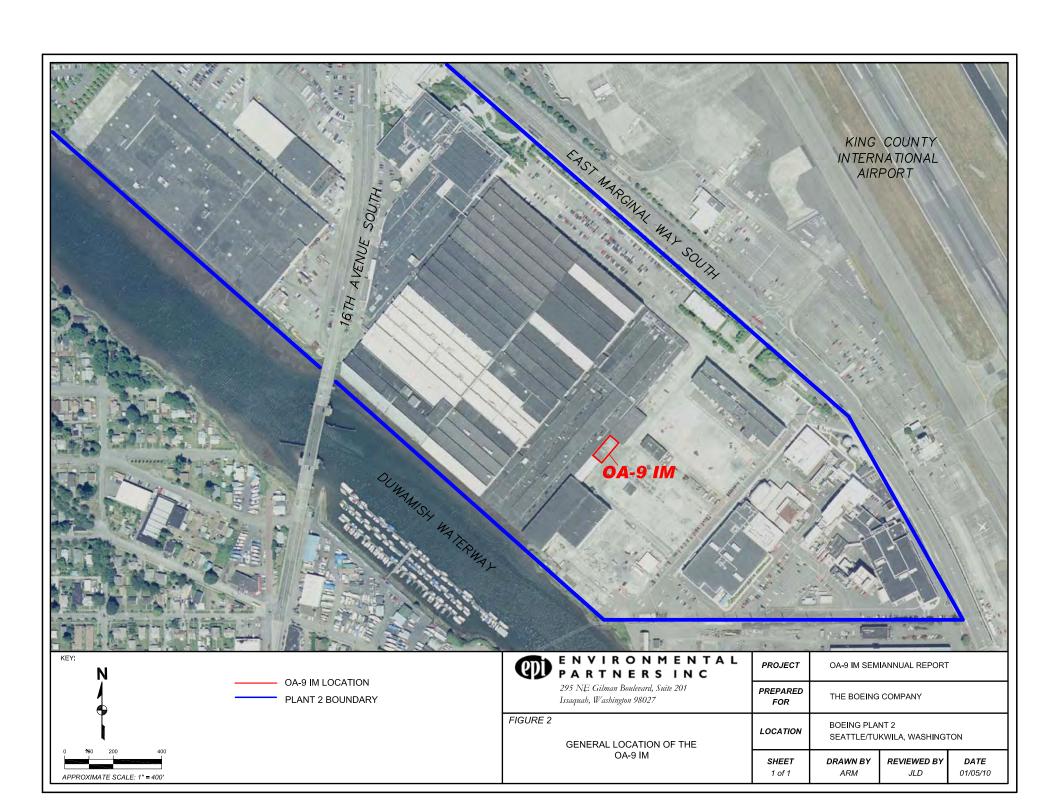
NTU = nephlometric turbidity units

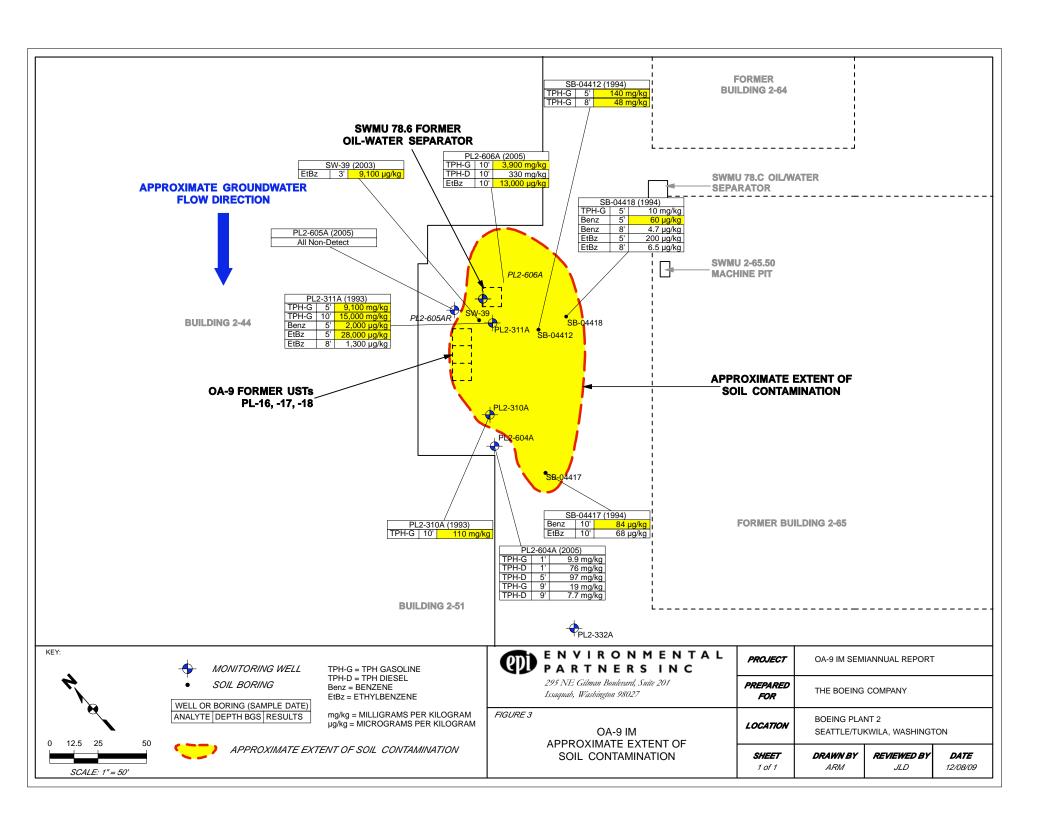
ORP = oxidation-reduction potential

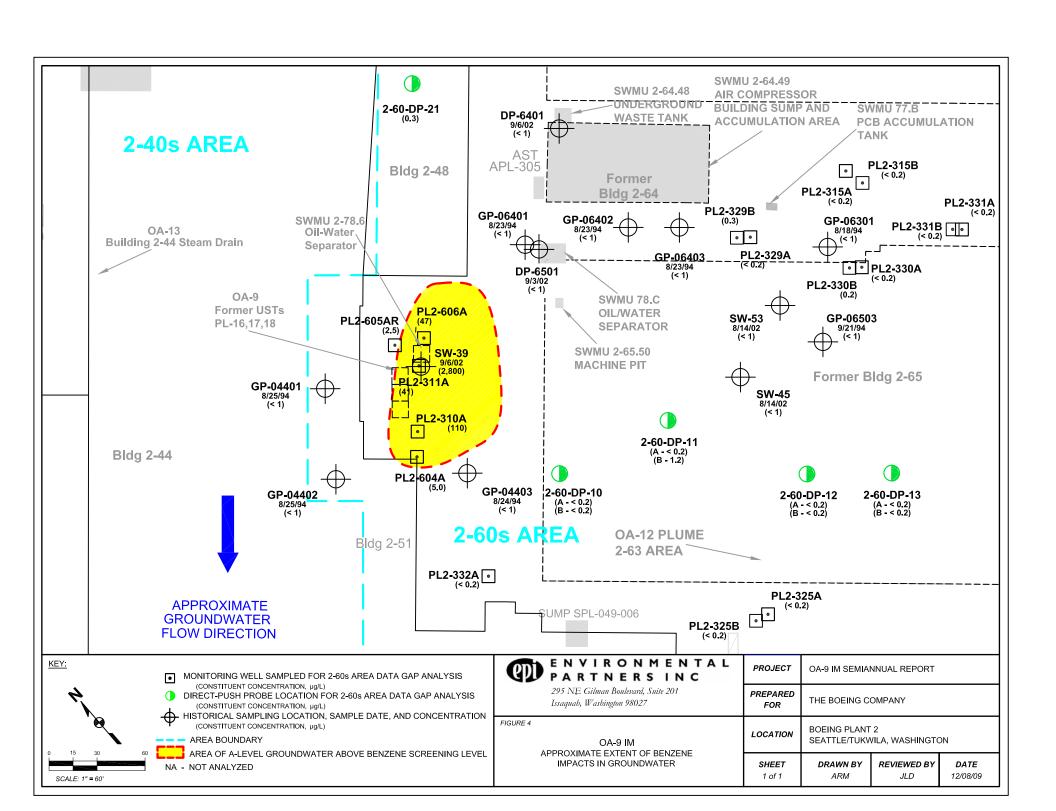
VOC = volatile organic compound

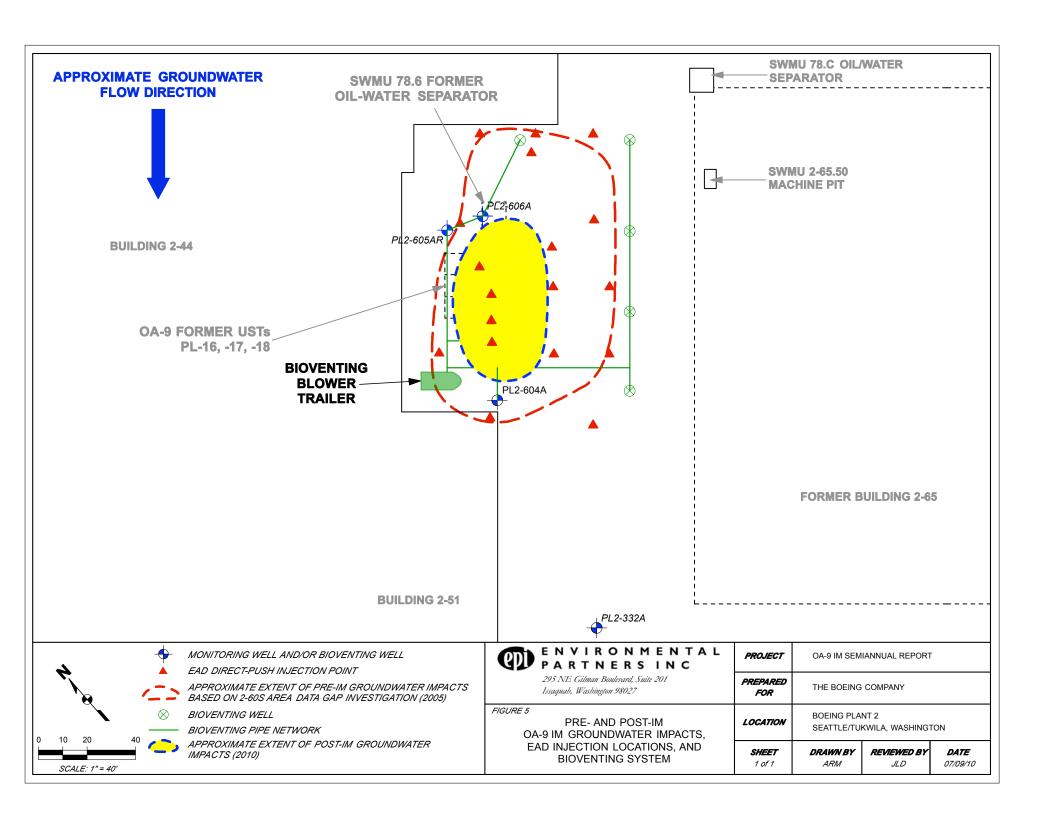
FIGURES











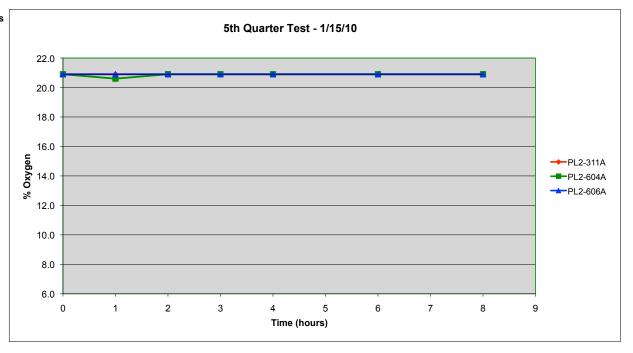
ATTACHMENT A RESPIROMETRY TEST DATA AND OXYGEN CURVES

OA-9 IM, Boeing Plant 2 5th Quarter Respirometry Test Data and Analysis

	Measured % Oxygen							
Time	PL2-311A	PL2-604A	PL2-606A					
0	20.9	20.9	20.9					
1	20.9	20.6	20.9					
2	20.9	20.9	20.9					
3	20.9	20.9	20.9					
4	20.9	20.9	20.9					
6	20.9	20.9	20.9					
8	20.9	20.9	20.9					
	(red)	(green)	(blue)					

Bioventing start date > 12/15/2008 5th Quarter test date > 1/15/2010

	PL2-311A	PL2-604A	PL2-606A
Screen	8 to	6 to	6 to
Interval	18 ft bgs	21 ft bgs	21 ft bgs
Water Depth	9.59 ft bgs	9.54 ft bgs	9.42 ft bgs



Well

PL2-311A The data are different from previous tests; there was no large oxygen concentration decrease at one hour. Over the whole test period there was no measured oxygen concentration decrease.

No oxygen consumption rate can be calculated.

PL2-604A There is no oxygen concentration decrease over 8 hours. There may be no remaining vadose soil contamination at this well or the screen may be covered by water. No oxygen consumption rate can be calculated.

There is no oxygen concentration decrease over 8 hours. There may be no remaining vadose soil contamination or the screen may be coverd by water. PL2-606A

No oxygen consumption rate can be calculated.

Note: On March 3, 2009 the air injection rate was increased from 40 SCFH to 90 SCFH.

Oxygen Consumption Rate (0 to 6 hours)
--

PL2-311A	0.00	%O₂/hour	(red)	use this rate for 10% of contaminated volume	0.1
PL2-604A	0.00	%O₂/hour	(green)	use this rate for 90 % of contaminated volume	0.0
PL2-606A	0.00	%O₂/hour	(blue)	use this rate for 90 % of contaminated volume	0.9

Bioventing Operation Data

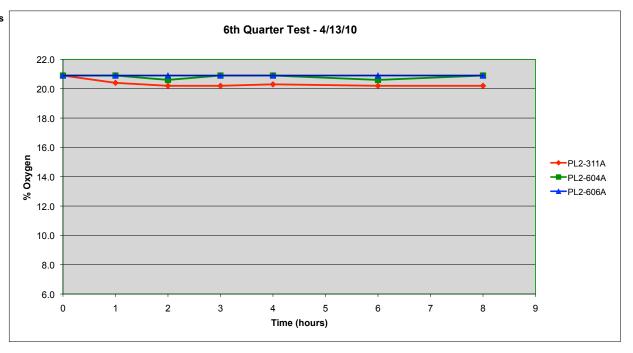
OA-9 IM Site Data (soil) Run Time > (incremental) 94 days Contaminated Width 80 feet (from 10/13/09) 2256 hours Contaminated Length 120 feet Air Injection Rate (avg.) > 40 ft3/hour (until 3/3/09) Contaminated Depth 10 feet 90 ft3/hour (after 3/3/09) Number of Inj. Wells > 9 wells Contaminated Volume 96,000 feet3 Air Density > lb air/ft3 0.0743 Total Inj. Air > 135,773 lb air Air-filled Pore Fraction 0.25 Total Inj. O₂ > 28,377 lb O₂ Air-filled Pore Volume 24,000 feet3 Pore Volume O₂ 373 lbs O₂ Consumed 0.00 lb O2 consumed/hour

OA-9 IM, Boeing Plant 2 6th Quarter Respirometry Test Data and Analysis

	Measured % Oxygen								
Time	PL2-311A	PL2-604A	PL2-606A						
0	20.9	20.9	20.9						
1	20.4	20.9	20.9						
2	20.2	20.6	20.9						
3	20.2	20.9	20.9						
4	20.3	20.9	20.9						
6	20.2	20.6	20.9						
8	20.2	20.9	20.9						
	(red)	(green)	(blue)						

Bioventing start date > 12/15/2008 6th Quarter test date > 4/13/2010

	PL2-311A	PL2-604A	PL2-606A
Screen	8 to	6 to	6 to
Interval	18 ft bgs	21 ft bgs	21 ft bgs
Water Depth	10.22 ft bgs	10.48 ft bgs	10.32 ft bgs



<u>Comment</u>
The data are different from previous tests in that there was no large decrease in oxygen concentration at one hour. There was a small oxygen concentration decrease. Well PL2-311A

An oxygen consumption rate can be calculated.

There is no oxygen concentration decrease over 8 hours. There may be no remaining vadose soil contamination at this well. PL2-604A

No oxygen consumption rate can be calculated.

PL2-606A There is no oxygen concentration decrease over 8 hours. There may be no remaining vadose soil contamination.

No oxygen consumption rate can be calculated.

Note: On March 3, 2009 the air injection rate was increased from 40 SCFH to 90 SCFH.

Oxygen Consumption Rate (0 to 8 hours)
--

PL2-311A	0.09	%O₂/hour	(red)	use this rate for 10% of contaminated volume	0.1
PL2-604A	0.00	%O₂/hour	(green)	use this rate for 90 % of contaminated volume	0.0
PL2-606A	0.00	%O ₂ /hour	(blue)	use this rate for 90 % of contaminated volume	0.9

Bioventing Operation Data				OA-9 IM Site Data (soil)		
Run Time > (incremental)	88	days		Contaminated Width	80	feet
(from 1/15/10)	2112	hours		Contaminated Length	120	feet
Air Injection Rate (avg.) >	40	ft ³ /hour	(until 3/3/09)	Contaminated Depth	10	feet
	90	ft ³ /hour	(after 3/3/09)			
Number of Inj. Wells >	9	wells		Contaminated Volume	96,000	feet ³
Air Density >	0.0743	lb air/ft3				
Total Inj. Air >	127,106	lb air		Air-filled Pore Fraction	0.25	
Total Inj. O ₂ >	26,565	lb O ₂		Air-filled Pore Volume	24,000	feet ³
-				Pore Volume O ₂	373	lbs
				O ₂ Consumed	0.01	Ib O₂ consumed/hour

ATTACHMENT B GROUNDWATER VOC ANALYTICAL DATA – ALL DETECTIONS

Table B1. OA-9 Interim Measure 5th Quarter Analytical Data - All Detections Boeing, Plant 2

Groundwater

Constituent	Analytical Method	2004 Screening Level	dTMCL	Laboratory Reporting Limit	PL2-310A 1/28/2010	PL2-311A 1/29/2010	PL2-311A (dup) 1/29/2010	PL2-332A 1/28/2010	PL2-604A 1/28/2010	PL2-605AR 1/28/2010	PL2-606A 1/28/2010	
Petroleum Hydrocarbons (Petroleum Hydrocarbons (mg/L)											
TPH-Gasoline	NWTPH-Gx	800	NA	250	6.5	5.1	5.2	<0.25	0.99	0.48	<0.25	
TPH-Diesel	NWTPH-Dx	500	NA	250	0.30	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	
TPH-Oil	NWTPH-Dx	500	NA	500	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	
VOCs (µg/L)												
Benzene	EPA 8260C	4.48	2.0	0.2	3.8	210	210	<0.2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	
Toluene	EPA 8260C	NA	NA	0.2	5.5	11	11	<0.2	<0.2	0.5	<0.2	
Ethylbenzene	EPA 8260C	2,100	30	0.2	55	160	150	<0.2	<0.2	4.8	0.3	
m,p-Xylenes	EPA 8260C	NA	NA	0.4	57	100	95	<0.4	<0.4	1.6	0.4	
o-Xylene	EPA 8260C	40,100	NA	0.2	12	20	18	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	
Chloroethane	EPA 8260C	NA	NA	0.2	0.2	1.8	1.4	<0.2	<0.2	0.2	<0.2	
Acetone	EPA 8260C	NA	NA	5.0	<5.0	32 M	38 M	<5.0	<5.0	5.1 Q	33 Q	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	EPA 8260C	1,550	6,800	0.2	<0.2	<0.2	0.7	<0.2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	
Chloroform	EPA 8260C	56.1	NA	0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	
2-Butanone	EPA 8260C	NA	NA	5	<5.0	<5.0	16	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	9.3	

Notes:

< = not detected at the listed reporting limit

mg/L = milligrams per liter

μg/L= micrograms per liter

dTMCL = draft Target Media Cleanup Level

M = estimated value based on low spectral match

NA = not applicable

Q = continuing calibration fell outside lower 20 percent limit

Table B2. OA-9 Interim Measure 6th Quarter Analytical Data - All Detections Boeing, Plant 2

Groundwater

Constituent	Analytical Method	2004 Screening Level	dTMCL	Laboratory Reporting Limit	PL2-310A 4/27/2010	PL2-311A 4/27/2010	PL2-311A (dup) 4/27/2010	PL2-332A 4/27/2010	PL2-604A 4/27/2010	PL2-605AR 4/29/2010	PL2-606A 4/29/2010	
Petroleum Hydrocarbons (mg	Petroleum Hydrocarbons (mg/L)											
TPH-Gasoline	NWTPH-Gx	800	NA	250	4.8	6.2	6.3	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	
TPH-Diesel	NWTPH-Dx	500	NA	250	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	<0.25	
TPH-Oil	NWTPH-Dx	500	NA	500	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	
VOCs (μg/L)	VOCs (µg/L)											
Benzene	EPA 8260C	4.48	2.0	0.2	39	180	200	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	
Toluene	EPA 8260C	NA	NA	0.2	2.6	11	12	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	
Ethylbenzene	EPA 8260C	2,100	30	0.2	200	160	200	<0.2	<0.2	1.6	<0.2	
m,p-Xylenes	EPA 8260C	NA	NA	0.4	3.2	100	110	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	<0.4	
o-Xylene	EPA 8260C	40,100	NA	0.2	0.3	24	26	<0.2	<0.2	0.4	<0.2	
Chloroethane	EPA 8260C	NA	NA	0.2	<0.2	1.1	<1.0	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	
Acetone	EPA 8260C	NA	NA	5.0	<5.0	<25	<25	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	18	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	EPA 8260C	1,550	6,800	0.2	<0.2	<1.0	<1.0	<0.2	<0.2	0.5	<0.2	
Chloroform	EPA 8260C	56.1	NA	0.2	<0.2	<1.0	<1.0	0.3	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2	
2-Butanone	EPA 8260C	NA	NA	5	7.2 M	<25	<25	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	

Notes:

< = not detected at the listed reporting limit

mg/L = milligrams per liter

μg/L= micrograms per liter

dTMCL = draft Target Media Cleanup Level

M = estimated value based on low spectral match

NA = not applicable

Q = continuing calibration fell outside lower 20 percent limit

ATTACHMENT C FIELD PARAMETER DATA

Performance Monitoring - 5th Quarter Field Parameter Measurements (1/2010)

OA-9 IM - EAD

Well ID	рН	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	ORP (mV)	Temp (°C)	Turbidity (NTU)	Specific Conductance (mS/cm)	Depth to Water (ft)			
PL2-310A	6.35	0.34	-3	13.9	8.1	2.06	9.40			
PL2-311A	7.03	0.25	-123	14.9	6.7	4.40	9.59			
PL2-332A	6.09	0.73	80	14.8	2.9	0.51	9.51			
PL2-604A	6.71	0.22	-75	14.8	7.3	1.53	9.54			
PL2-605AR	6.69	0.44	-20	14.4	28.4	2.81	9.39			
PL2-606A	9.71	4.31	66	14.8	8.5	1.41	9.42			

Notes:

°C = degrees Celsius mg/L = milligrams per liter mS/cm = milliSiemens per centimeter mV = millivolts NTU = nephlometric turbidity units

ORP = oxidation-reduction potential

Performance Monitoring - 6th Quarter Field Parameter Measurements (4/2010)

OA-9 IM - EAD

Well ID	рН	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	ORP (mV)	Temp (°C)	Turbidity (NTU)	Specific Conductance (mS/cm)	Depth to Water (ft)
PL2-310A	6.56	0.43	-86	15.1	3.3	2.46	10.38
PL2-311A	7.09	0.41	-166	14.8	4.4	2.96	10.24
PL2-332A	6.39	0.64	106	14.3	0.6	0.56	10.51
PL2-604A	6.72	0.91	-105	15.1	9.6	0.99	10.54
PL2-605AR	7.50	0.54	-76	15.0	9.5	2.10	10.34
PL2-606A	9.12	14.7	133	14.6	15.4	0.75	10.80

Notes:

°C = degrees Celsius mg/L = milligrams per liter mS/cm = milliSiemens per centimeter mV = millivolts NTU = nephlometric turbidity units

ORP = oxidation-reduction potential

ATTACHMENT D FIELD NOTES

Location Boeing Plant Z Date 1/15/10 33 Project/Client 6A-9 Respirametry Testing 2450F Very Windy, Heavy Rain 0800 K. Addis on Elite 0815 Blower system shutdown All valves in trailer + of wells are closed 0877 Water Levels 3, 160, 6064 11.10 1.8 5.4 311A 10.98 1.8 604A 11.28 1.8 5.4 20. 0845 Pumo rate = 4 minute purge used sample Pump = 64/min = 3.4 monte purge calculated Time 606A 311A 604A 20.9 1 hr 2019 20,9 1015 Zhr 20,6 20.9 20,9 11/15 3hr 20,9 20.6 20.9 Measured in office 1215 4h 20.9 2019 20,9 20.9 1415 6hr 20.6 20,9 1615 8 hr 20,9 /20,91 20.9 1630 All valves at wells are open. Well I'ds + caps secured. System startup with all valves open. K. Addis offsite to office to measured O-

Location Boeing Plant Z Date 1/15/10 Project/Client OA - 9 Respirametry dry conditions due to possible Oz meter malfunction. At office, Unload equipment 1745 1815 Begin 5 gas meter check Using Both EPI 5 gas meters. 4 gas meter reads 20.6 for Standard Oz content 1930 All gas reading are reading consistent 20,6 to 20,9, which is not typical. Will continue to investigate possible issues with pump, Well 311A typically had Oz levels from 7% - 13% Oz All reading are 20.9. Will held to perform test again once issue is identified

Location Boeing Plant Z Date 1/28/10

Project/Client OA-9 Gtrly GW Sampling Project / Client ~48°F Partly Cloudy 1700 Completed work from Z-10 Area + need to gather equipment + ice for coolors. 1740 Water Levels Well DTW 332A 9.51 604A 9.54 310A 9,40 3119 9,59 605AR 9.39 606A 9.42 1745 Begin purge at PL2-332A

See OA-9 IM Sampling Booklet

for gw parameters + Sampling

information.

1/29/10 Friday Midnight

0019 Last sample.

0035 Begin cleanup.

Decontaminate all equipment.

All Decon water + purgewater

are transferred to 2-49

treatment tank. Breakdown Barricades

D130 K. Addis offsite

0200 at office final.

2-66 Sheetpile Structure IM Groundwater Sampling Field Data Boeing Plant 2, Seattle/Tukwila, Washington Station 2-33ZA Field Team: (Initials) Sample: ID Field Conditions Purge Information Purge Method: Submersible pump Well Diameter (in.) Bladder Pump Well Depth (ft.) Peristaltic Pump Initial Depth to Water (ft.) Other: Depth of Water Column 1745 3 Casing Volumes Start Time **End Time** 1 Casing Volume Total Gallons Purged ORP NTU DO Temp. Appearance Time Gallons Conductivity рН 88.5 4.77 14.37 0.88 clear 1800 2.00 5,97 0.514 86,3 1803 0.515 3,98 0.89 14.20 clear 2.1 6.00 0.82 14,49 86,0 4.01 clear 1806 2.3 6.04 0,511 14,88 81,9 1809 4.12 0.76 clear 0.507 6.000 14.88 81.0 clear 2.96 1812 6,08 0,508 0.73 80,4 6.09 14.81 clear 1815 2,9 0,508 Z.88 0,73 Sample Information Sample Method(s) Peristaltic pump / Submersible pump / Bladder Pump / Other Comments Bottle Type Preservative/Filtration **Analysis** Time HCl, cool to 4°C Volatiles (8260B) 1817 (3) 40-mL VOA H₂SO; to pH <2, cool to GX +00 (415.1) 1817 250 mL amber Desolved gasses (MEE) 1817 (3) 40-mL VOA cool to 4°C (RSK-175) Ferrous Iron (SM3500 Fe cool to 4°C Do NO1 filter B-97) 250 mL amber (1) 500 mL HDPE cool to 4°C Anions (EPA 300.0) field filter 0.45 micron filter, (1) 500 mL poly Organics Acids (VFA) HNO₃ to pH <2, cool to 4°C (1) 500 mL HDPE field filter, HNO₃ Metals (200.8&6010B) bio-flo&MI falcon tube Census 1026

End Time	1000				
		Com	ments / Exceptions:		
Presence of flo	ating product?	YES/NO	Presence of sinking product?	YES / (NO)	
332A	9.51	Oder	sulfur?		,
604A	9.54				
310A	9,40	•	•		
311A	9,59				
605A	9.39	-			
606A	6.42				

2-66 Sheetpile Structure IM Groundwater Sampling Field Data Boeing Plant 2, Seattle/Tukwila, Washington 1/28/10 PL2-604A Station Field Team: (Initials) Sample: ID Field Conditions **Purge Information** 21. Purge Method: Submersible pump Well Diameter (in.) Bladder Pump Well Depth (ft.) Peristaltic Pump Initial Depth to Water (ft.) Other:: Depth of Water Column 1848 Start Time 3 Casing Volumes 2000 End Time 1 Casing Volume Total Gallons Purged 3.9 Appearance NTU DO Temp. ORP Gallons Conductivity Time рΗ 14.98 alex Cloudy 1859 2,206 5Z,4 0.41 54.5 1.7 6,63 0,36 14,74 27,3 -11.9 clearing 2,5 6,67 1.887 1907 23.9 0.35 14,73 -26,1 1910 2.6 6.70 1,813 -33,9 2,7 1,770 18.4 0,33 14,76 clearin 1913 6,68 -44,6 2,9 6.68 1.694 16.3 0,31 14,78 1916 14.80 -56,2 1,647 3,1 14.1 0,29 6.68 1919 3,3 14,83 1,587 12,4 0,28 -61.1 clear 6.68 1922 1.562 9.86 3,4 6.69 0.26 14, 81 -64,7 clear 1925 3, 5 1,545 class 14,86 -67,8 6.69 0.25 1929 9.69 14,83 -72,1 Clean 1931 3,7 6,69 1.527 0.24 8,21 14,82 3,8 6.71 1,525 75,4 clean 1934 2.33 0.22 Sample Information Sample Method(s) Peristaltic pump / Submersible pump / Bladder Pump / Other Analysis Time Bottle Type Preservative/Filtration Comments Volatiles (8260B) 1936 MS/MSD (3) 40-mL VOA HCI, cool to 4°C H₂SO₄ to pH <2, cool to **GX** (415.1) 1936 250 mL amber Dissolved dasses (MEE) 1936 MSD (0 (RSK-175) (3) 40-mL VOA cool to 4°C Ferrous fron (SM3500 Fe B/97) cool to 4°C Do NOT filter 250 mL amber Anions (EPA 300.0) (1) 500 mL HDPE cool to 4°C field filter 0.45 micron filter. Organies Acids (VFA) (1) 500 mL poly HNO, to pH <2, cool to 4°C Metals (200,8&6010B) (1) 500 mL HDPE field filter, HNO₃ Census bio-flo&MI falcon tube 2000 End Time Comments / Exceptions: Presence of floating product? Presence of sinking product? YES / NO YES / NO

2-66 Sheetpile Structure IM Groundwater Sampling Field Data Boeing Plant 2, Seattle/Tukwila, Washington PL2-310A 1/28/10 Station Field Team: (Initials) KA Sample: ID Field Conditions Purge Information Purge Method: Submersible pump 24 Well Diameter (in.) Bladder Pump Well Depth (ft.) Peristaltic Pump Initial Depth to Water (ft.) Other:: Depth of Water Column 2005 3 Casing Volumes Start Time End Time 1 Casing Volume Total Gallons Purged ORP NTU DO Temp. Appearance Gallons Conductivity Time pН 0.83 13.95 -6.7 10.37 clear 1,75 2.055 6,43 2022 3.9 2.055 9,15 0.65 13.94 elear 6,36 2025 13.94 0,59 clear 2028 2.1 6.33 2,057 8.75 6,35 9.08 0,52 13.91 2,7 clear 2,061 2031 clear 8.65 0.44 13.87 -3.32.064 2034 2,4 6,35 8.29 dear 0.39 13,87 2.6 6.34 2.061 -3,1 2037 -2,8 clear 8.10 0.34 13,87 2,7 2,059 2040 6.35 Sample Information Sample Method(s): Peristaltic pump / Submersible pump / Bladder Pump / Other Comments Bottle Type Preservative/Filtration Analysis Time 2042 HCl. cool to 4°C Volatiles (8260B) (3) 40-mL VOA H₂SO; to pH <2, cocl to 2042 250 mL amber Dissolved gasses (MEE) 2042 (3) 40-mL VOA cool to 4°C (RSK-175) Ferrous Iron (SM3500 Fe cool to 4°C Do NOT filter B-97) 250 mL amber Anions (EPA-300.0) (1) 500 mL HDPE cool to 4°C field filter 0.45 micron filter, Organics Acids (VFA) HNO₃ to pH <2, cool to 4°C (1) 500 mL poly Metals (200.8&6010B) (1) 500 mL HDPE field filter, HNO₃ Census bio-flo&MI falcon tube **End Time** Comments / Exceptions: YES/NO Presence of floating product? YES / NO Presence of sinking product? Prim

2-66 Sheetpile Structure IM Groundwater Sampling Field Data Boeing Plant 2. Seattle/Tukwila, Washington PLA-605AR Station Field Team: (Initials) Sample: ID Field Conditions **Purge Information** Purge Method: Submersible pump Well Diameter (in.) Bladder Pump Well Depth (ft.) Peristaltic Pump Initial Depth to Water (ft.) Other:: Depth of Water Column 2115 Start Time 3 Casing Volumes 2208 End Time 1 Casing Volume 4,3 Total Gallons Purged ORP NTU DO Temp. Appearance Time Gallons рН Conductivity 14.50 -6.1 45.4 orange, cloud 2.5 6,71 3,218 0.78 7136 3,155 65.1 14,48 -7.Z 2144 3.2 6.71 0.55 orange, cloud 2149 2,990 0,51 14,44 -12.93.6 6,70 30,4 ne. cloud 6.69 2,755 0.46 2152 14,42 -16.8 3.75 30,4 2,832 14.40 -18.6 6.69 0.45 2155 29,6 2158 2,812 28.4 0.44 14,36 -20,2 4,1 6.69 Sample Information Sample Method(s): Peristaltic pump / Submersible pump / Bladder Pump / Other Comments Preservative/Filtration Analysis Time **Bottle Type** HCl, cool to 4°C 2200 (3) 40-mL VOA Volatiles (8260B) **G**X TOC (415.1) H₂SO₄ to pH <2, cool to 2200 250 mL amber 4°C Dissolved gasses (MEE) 2200 (3) 40-mL VOA cool to 4°C (RSK-175) Ferrous tron (SM3500 Fe 250 mL amber cool to 4°C Do NOT filter B|97) Anions (EPA 300.0) (1) 500 mL HDPE cool to 4°C field filter 0.45 micron filter, Organids Acids (VFA) (1) 500 mL poly HNO₃ to pH <2, cool to 4°C Metals (200.8&6010B) (1) 500 mL HDPE field filter, HNO₃ Census bio-flo&MI falcon tube 4°C 2208 End Time Comments / Exceptions: YES / (NO) YES /(NO) Presence of sinking product? Presence of floating product?

2-66 Sheetpile Structure IM Groundwater Sampling Field Data Boeing Plant 2, Seattle/Tukwila, Washington 162-606A Station Field Team: (Initials) Sample: ID Field Conditions **Purge Information** Purge Method: Submersible pump Well Diameter (in.) Bladder Pump Well Depth (ft.) Peristaltic Pump Initial Depth to Water (ft.) Other:: Depth of Water Column 2210 Start Time 3 Casing Volumes **End Time** 1 Casing Volume Total Gallons Purged ORP **Appearance** NTU DO Temp. На Conductivity Time Gallons 2,095 90.8 5.26 2240 2.5 10.46 10,57 15.14 73,1 clear 5,44 15,12 10.45 1.739 2243 2.6 9,16 5,69 -66,8 clear 9.71 15.23 1.657 2246 2,7 10,41 clear 2.9 1,586 10,37 5,45 15.14 -53.1 2249 16,29 -45,3 clear 5,45 1512 10.25 1,568 9,18 225z 3,0 - 32,5 5.38 15.05 clear 7.70 2255 1,526 3.2 10.16 - 23, 9 14,92 سمعاء 5,27 2758 3.4 1,518 8.08 16.09 14.92 - 9.G 2301 7,60 5.09 سمعما 3,10 10.03 1.458 7,80 **±1,3** 4.92 14,91 clear 2304 3,8 9,98 1.458 14.85 16,4 4,80 9,92 1,454 7,72 2307 4,0 9.84 4.65 14,81 29,2 1,426 8,42 4,2 2312 معطات 38,2 9.83 8,54 4.57 14,79 2315 4,4 1,421 Sample Information Sample Method(s): Peristaltic pump / Submersible pump / Bladder Pump / Other Comments Preservative/Filtration Time Bottle Type **Analysis** 2328 (3) 40-mL VOA HCl, cool to 4°C Volatiles (8260B) H₂SQ; to pH <2, cool to 3 40 m LY0A 4°C 17C1 Dissolved gasses (MEE) Z Amber (3) 40-mL-VOA cool to 4°C (RSK-175) (SM3500 Fe iela liller 0.45 micron lille HNO₃ to pH <2, cool to 4°C (1) 500 mL poly Metals (200.8&6010B) bio-flo&MI falcon tube Census **End Time** Comments / Exceptions: YES (NÓ) Presence of sinking product? YES / NO Presence of floating product?

Station Sample: IE Field Cond		PLa	1-606A	unt 2, 062	attle/Tukwila, \ Field Tear	Date m: (Initials)		110
			Piirn	e Infori	mation			
Well Diamete Well Depth (fi Initial Depth t Depth of Wat 3 Casing Volu 1 Casing Volu	t.) o Water (ft.) er Column umes		ruig	Submersible Bladder Pum Peristaltic P Other:: 27/0 2333	р			
Time	Gallons	На	Conductivity	NTU	DO	Temp.	ORP	Appearanc
2318	4,6	9.77	1.405	8.52	4.41	14.83	49.8	clear
2321	4,75	9.72	1,408	8.21	4.36	14.80	60.0	clear
2324	4.9	9.71	1,407	8.52	4,31	14,81	65,5	clear
	_							
	-							
	•							
Ana	ethod(s) : alysis s (8260B)	Peristalt Time	Sam tic pump / Sub Bottle Type	mersible	· vative/Filtratio	,	Other Comment	S
				H₂SO₄ to	pH <2, cool to			
		2326	250 mL amber	4°C				
Dissolved g (RSI	asses (MEE) (-175)	2326	(3) 40-mL VOA	cool to 4°	3			
Ferrous Iron	(SM3500 Fe	. —	250 mL amber	cool to 4°0	C Do NGT filter			
) D-	EPA 300.0)		(1) 500 mL HDPE	E cool to 4º0	2			
	Acids (VFA)		(1) 500 mL poly		0.45 micron filter, oH <2, cool to 4°C			
Anions (I		-	(1) 500 mL HDPE					
Anions (I	0.8&6010B)		bio-flo&MI falcon	tube	4°C			
Anions (I Organics a Metals (20	0.8&6010B) nsus							
Anions (I Organics a Metals (20	nsus	2333]					
Anions (I Organics A Metals (20 Ce	nsus	2333		ments / E	exceptions:			\
Anions (I	nsus				ixceptions: ce of sinking p	product?	YES / (NG	>
Anions (I	nsus		Comr			product?	YES / (NG	>

2-66 Sheetpile Structure IM Groundwater Sampling Field Data Boeing Plant 2, Seattle/Tukwila, Washington

Station		PL2-	311 A		Field Tean	Date	1/28/	10		
Sample: ID Field Cond		GU1 -11	0129~PI	-a-314	1-0 4 1					
				Eurge Information						
Mall Diameter	r (in)		Furge			Submersible p	umn .			
Well Diameter Well Depth (ft				i ui	0	Bladder Rump				
Initial Depth to					_	Peristaltic Pu	_			
Depth of Wate	er Column					Other::				
3 Casing Volu					Start Time	1140	KA 2335) 1		
1 Casing Volu	ıme			Total	End Time Gallons Purged					
	.					Taman	ODD	Annogrango		
Time	Gallons	pH	Conductivity	NTU	DO DO	Temp.	ORP	Appearance	-1.n	
2340	1.0	7,24	5.084	13.1	0.34	14.82	721,7	clear slight gray	74 11	
2343	1.2	7.11	5.010	12.4	0.29	14.85 14.88	7/21.5	clear slight gray		
2347	1,4	7.12	4.953	10,53	0.28	14,91	-123,8	clear sing in gray		
2350	116	7.10	4.838	10.64	0.28	14,98	7125,2	clear		
2353	1	7.08	4.8755	10.03	0.27	14.97	126.9	clear		
2356	2.3	7.08	4.708	9.64	6.27	14.99	-127.8	clear		
2359 0002	2.5	7.07	4.664	9,98	0,27	14.93	-127-8	clerk		
0005	2,7	7.06	4.600	9.78	0.26	14.92	-127.5	clear		
8 000	2.9	7.05	4,560	8,42	0,76	14.91	-127,0			
000 8	3.1	7,05	4.500	7.73	0,25	14.93	-126.4	clear		
0014	3,3	7.06	4,440	7.15	0.26	14.91	-125.5	clear		
COL		1770 4			rmation					
Sample M	lethod(s)	: Peristalt	tic pump / Sub			der Pump /	Other	1000		
Ana	alysis	Time	Bottle Type	Preser	vative/Filtratio	n	Comments	S		
	s (8260B)	2358	(3) 40-mL VOA	HCI, cool		DUP		*		
TOC	(415.1)	235%	250 mL amber	H₂SO; to 4°C	pH <2, cool to	DUP				
	gasses (MEE) K-175)	235%	(3) 40-mL VOA	cool to 4°	С	Dus)	, 1		
Ferrous Iron	n (SM3500 Fe		250 mL amber	cool to 4º	C Do NOT filter	W				
	-97) EPA 300.0)	$+ \setminus /$	(1) 500 mL HDPE							
Organics	Acids (VFA)		(1) 500 mL poly		0.45 micron filter, pH <2, cool to 4°C					
Metals (20	00.8&6010B)	/ /	(1) 500 mL HDPE	field filter	, HNO₃				-	
Ce	ensus	(bio-flo&MI falcon	tube	4°C					
End Tim	е									
			, , .		Exceptions:			7)	•	
Presence	of floating	product?	YES NO	Presen	ce of sinking p	product?	YES / NO	<i>y</i>	-	
-				/					_	
was a second of the second of					MAND	rul	-		-	
									-	
									_	

01-4		PL2.	2110	11., 000	ıttle/Tukwila, V I	Date		
Station Sample: ID	-	YLd.	- 21119		Field Tear	n: (Initials)		
Field Conditions	; -							
				I - C				
	_		Purge		mation	Out-maraible t		
Well Diameter (in.) Well Depth (ft.)	-			Pu	rge Method:	Bladder Pump		
Initial Depth to Wate	er (ft.)					Peristaltic Pu		
Depth of Water Colu						Other::		
3 Casing Volumes					Start Time			
1 Casing Volume	L			Total	End Time I Gallons Purged			
•			•				000	
	lons	pH_	Conductivity	NTU	DO	Temp.	ORP	Appearance
0017 3.	5	7.03	4,402	6.71	0.25	14,90	-123.3	clar
						1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
						· .		
				~				
						·		
			Samp	ole Info	ormation			
Sample Metho	d(s) :	Peristal	ic pump / Subr	mersible	pump / Blad	der Pump /	Other	
					vative/Filtration		Comments	
Analysis Volatiles (826		Time 0019	Bottle Type (3) 40-mL VOA	HCI, cool		1 .	Comments)
				H₂SO₄ to	pH <2, cool to			
TOC (415.1		0019	250 mL amber	4°C				
Dissolved gasses (RSK-175)	(MEE)	0019	(3) 40-mL VOA	cool to 4°	°C			
Ferrous Iron (SMS			(6)					
B-97)			250 mL amber	·	C Do NOT filter			
Anions (EPA 3	00.0)		(1) 500 mL HDPE	cool to 4	°C			
	0.454		// 500 L water		r 0.45 micron filter			
Organics Acids Metals (200.8&6			(1) 500 mL poly (1) 500 mL HDPE		pH <2, cool to 4°C r HNO.	/		
	70100)		bio-flo&MI falcon		4°C			
Census		L	DIO-IIOXIVII TAICOIT	lane				
End Time								
			Comn	nents /	Exceptions:			
Presence of flo	oating p	product?	YES / NO		nce of sinking	product?	YES / NO)

Chain of Custody Record & Laboratory Analysis Request

	Turn-around I	Requested:			Page:)	of)		Analytic	cal Resources, Incorporated	
ABI Client Company:		Standa Phone:	40		Date:	/	Ice	1			cal Chemists and Consultants outh 134th Place, Suite 100	
ARI Client Company:						110	Prese	nt? W	<u> </u>	Tukwila	, WA 98168	
Client Contact: Ernst					No. of Cooler Coolers: (Temps: 2 D					206-695-6200 206-695-6201 (fax)		
Client Project Name: OA-9 IM Perf		160 5	samplin				1	Analysis I	Requested		Notes/Comments	
Client Project #:	Samplers:	100 -	seconpin	9	VOC'S	TPH-GX	-#4T					
17512,2 OA-9	Samplers: Κ. Δ	<u>ddis</u>			82 (%	7	# ~					
Sample ID	Date	Time	Matrix	No. Containers	8260C	Χ΄	X					
GW-100128-PLZ-33ZA-0	1/28/10	1817	6W	8	\times^{\checkmark}	$\times^{\!\scriptscriptstyleee}$	$\times^{\scriptscriptstyle{\vee}}$					
GW-100128-PL2-G04A-0		1936		24	$\times^{\scriptscriptstyle V}$	\times^{\vee}	X^{\vee}				MS/MSD	
GW-100128-PL2-310A-0		2042		8	X	$X^{\scriptscriptstyle u}$	X^{\vee}					
GW-100128-PLZ-605AR-0		2200		8	$\times^{\scriptscriptstyle V}$	X	<u></u> と					
GW-100128-PL2-606A0		2328		8	\times	火ビ	χ'					
6W-100129-PLZ-311A-0	V	0019		8	X^{\vee}	χ "	$\times^{\scriptscriptstyle \vee}$	*				
GW-100129-PLZ-311A-4/	/29/10	0019	1	8	$\times^{\scriptscriptstyle V}$	\searrow	X					
Trip Blank	J.	•		Z	X	\times						
1												
·	Relinquished by:		110.	Received by	A	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Relinquished	by:	 Received by:		
	Signature a Printed Name:		telles	(Signature)	aso	<u>~</u>		(Signature) Printed Nam	ə:	(Signature) Printed Name	9.	
	Kristin	L. A	ddis	Printed Name:	tersa	$^{\sim}$			•			
10	EPT			Company:				Company:		 Company:		
D	Date & Time: 1/24//	0 16	650	Date & Time:	- !n	1650	$\overline{}$	Date & Time		 Date & Time:		

Limits of Liability: ARI will perform all requested services in accordance with appropriate methodology following ARI Standard Operating Procedures and the ARI Quality Assurance Program. This program meets standards for the industry. The total liability of ARI, its officers, agents, employees, or successors, arising out of or in connection with the requested services, shall not exceed the Invoiced amount for said services. The acceptance by the client of a proposal for services by ARI release ARI from any liability in excess thereof, not withstanding any provision to the contrary in any contract, purchase order or cosigned agreement between ARI and the Client.

Sample Retention Policy: All samples submitted to ARI will be appropriately discarded no sooner than 90 days after receipt or 60 days after submission of hardcopy data, whichever is longer, unless alternate retention schedules have been established by work-order or contract.

Location Boeing Plant Z Date 4/13/10 Project/Client OH-9 Respirametry Leave office 0630 0720 Onsite Cone-off entire OA- 9 area 0730 Blower turned off. All valves closed in trailer + at wells. Water Levels | Vol 1 3Vol Liters 606A 10.3Z 1.7 | 5.1 19.3 311 A 10. ZZ 1 1. 6 4,9 18.5 604A 10.48 117 119.3 Purgerate GL/min Purge Times 606A - 3.2 min 311A - 3.1 min 604A - 3.2 min 606A 311A 1 604A Ohr Ambient Ozreading 20,9 08301 hr 20.9 20.4 20.9 0930 2 hr 20,9 20.2 20.6 1030 3 hr 20,9 20.2 20,9 1130 4 m 20.9 20.3 20.9 1330 6 hr 20.9 20.2 20.6 1530 8 hr 20.9 20.2 20.9 1545 Begin cleanup. All wells are secured with locking airlight

42 Location Project	Boeing Plant Z Date 4/13/10 Client OA-9 Respirametry Test
	cap. All monuments are secure.
1600	Move all borricade to the
	trailer area + tape off
	the south + east end of trailer.
1610	Open all values in trailer.
	Restart system.
1675	Unload equipment at connex.
1715	At storage in Issaguaho Unload.
1738	At office, unload 5 gas + pump. Complete OA-9 Resp. work.
1000	complete on a resp. work.
-	
	Knot 4/13/10

OA-9 IM Groundwater Sampling Field Data

Boeing Plant 2, Seattle/Tukwila, Washington Date PLZ-332A Station Field Team: (Initials) Sample: ID JB. GW-100427-PUZ-332A MM Field Conditions Sunnu warn **Purge Information** Purge Method: Submersible pump 2 Well Diameter (in.) Bladder Pump 19.0 Well Depth (ft.) Peristaltic Pump Initial Depth to Water (ft.) 10,51 Other:: 8,49 Depth of Water Column 0902 Start Time 4.08 3 Casing Volumes 0949 **End Time** 36 1 Casing Volume Total Gallons Purged 2.0 Appearance/DTW Temp. **ORP** NTU DO Conductivity Time Gallons Hg 0.541 14.60 1099 0.80 1916 0.5 6.62 14.60 clear/ 10,65 0.5% 0.72 109.1 0.87 6.54 0919 14,47 Clear 108,4 0.574 0.94 0.73 0922 10.50 14.43 107.8 D.100 0,55 6.45 0,570 0925 14,2S Clear 0.568 0.46 0.64 10.43 0928 0.64 14,27 LOCK 69 0,563 0931 10:40 0.64 0.558 106. 0,62 0934 Sample Information Sample Method(s) : Peristaltic pump / Submersible pump / Bladder Pump / Other Comments Preservative/Filtration Bottle Type Time **Analysis** (3) 40-mL VOA HCI, cool to 4°C Volatiles (8260B) HCl, cool to 4°C NWTPH-Gx (3) 40-mL VOA (2) 0.5 L Amber Glass cool to 4°C NWTPH-Dx 0949 **End Time** Comments / Exceptions: YES / (NO) YES /(NO) Presence of sinking product? Presence of floating product? Notes: Where multiple visits are required to complete sampling, parameters are to be checked prior to sampling for each visit. Enter data under field comments.

OA-9 IM Groundwater Sampling Field Data

Boeing Plant 2, Seattle/Tukwila, Washington Date Station PL2-604A SW-100427-PLZ-604A-0 Field Team: (Initials) Sample: ID Field Conditions Loudin **Purge Information** Purge Method: Submersible pump Well Diameter (in.) Bladder Pump Well Depth (ft.) 22.0 ID.54 Peristaltic Pump Initial Depth to Water (ft.) Depth of Water Column 11.46 Other:: 5,50 0951 3 Casing Volumes Start Time 1013 End Time 1 Casing Volume 1.83 Total Gallons Purged 3/6 Appearance / DTW (F+) Time Gallons рН Conductivity NTU DO Temp. ORP 0,927 0.82 15,41 1017 1.0 344 Cloarina 0.958 6.53 23,3 0.79 15.21 -38. Clear in 1016 9609 0.79 -57,7 Charin ,5 21.3 15:12 1020 15,16 0.976 18,7 0,87 1024 1028 2.0 0.981 17.7 0.93 16,12 -91.2 0.90 Clear 13,4 18.12 0.89 -954 1034 0,988 0.92 0.984 12,4 15.12 Clear Clear 0,90 0.991 11.4 15.13 -101.6 10:70 0.89 0.987 15:10 10:41 0,987 0,91 15.10 -105,4 3.2 9.64 1046 10.77 Sample Information Sample Method(s): Peristaltic pump / Submersible pump / Bladder Pump / Other **Bottle Type** Preservative/Filtration Comments Analysis Time Volatiles (8260B) (3) 40-mL VOA HCl, cool to 4°C NWTPH-Gx (3) 40-mL VOA HCI, cool to 4°C (2) 0.5 L Amber NWTPH-Dx cool to 4°C 10013 **End Time Comments / Exceptions:** YES / (NO) Presence of floating product? YES (NO) Presence of sinking product?

OA-9 IM Groundwater Sampling Field Data Boeing Plant 2, Seattle/Tukwila, Washington Date PL2-310A Station Field Team: (Initials) Sample: ID GW-100427-PL2-310A-D MM Field Conditions Sunn **Purge Information** Purge Method: Submersible pump Well Diameter (in.) Bladder Pump 19,5 Well Depth (ft.) Peristaltic Pump . 36 Initial Depth to Water (ft.) ,12 Other:: Depth of Water Column Start Time 1115 4.3€ 3 Casing Volumes 1218 End Time 1.46 1 Casing Volume Total Gallons Purged 2.80 Appearance / DTw (4+) Temp. ORP DO Conductivity NTU Gallons Ha Time 15:22 2,550 5:72 Dilat 6.55 1141 15,17 77. 2 6.59 0,57 2.529 6.55 16.19 0.01 Cloar 4.57 a 55 607 3.16 0.47 16.11 150 2,470 2,1 56 90 2,99 0.47 15.09 2,2 56 16.12 3,25 6.56 1150 Sample Information : Peristaltic pump / Submersible pump / Bladder Pump / Other Sample Method(s) Comments Preservative/Filtration Analysis Time **Bottle Type** HCI, cool to 4°C (3) 40-mL VOA Volatiles (8260B) (3) 40-mL VOA HCI, cool to 4°C NWTPH-Gx (2) 0.5 L Amber cool to 4°C Glass NWTPH-Dx 1218 **End Time** Comments / Exceptions:

Presence of sinking product?

YES / (10)

Notes: Where multiple visits are required to complete sampling, parameters are to be checked prior to sampling for each visit. Enter data under field comments

YES /NO

Presence of floating product?

flow rate: 300ml

OA-9 IM Groundwater Sampling Field Data

Boeing Plant 2, Seattle/Tukwila, Washington Date PLZ-311A Station 100427-PLZ-311A-0 Field Team: (Initials) JB MM Sample: ID Field Conditions **Purge Information** Purge Method: Submersible pump Well Diameter (in.) Bladder Pump Well Depth (ft.) Peristaltic Pump Initial Depth to Water (ft.) 10,24 Other:: Depth of Water Column 8,26 Start Time 1216 3 Casing Volumes 3.96 **End Time** 1 Casing Volume 32 Total Gallons Purged Appearance / DTW(H) NTU DO Temp. ORP Conductivity Time Gallons Ha Beg 1216 acoly 11.54 710 0.47 B 753 1242 55 4. S26 0.53 114.5 ,82 2.2 7.44 1246 5 0.45 7.00 1251 4024 1300 7.91 0.41 14.52 MOUS 0.39 309 4.0 3. 889 79 1300 4. 0.41 .751 7. S3 -158,2 1311 4.02 635 1314 4.5 3,489 78 1319 3,414 6.27 0,35 4.77 4.9 1322 tido 11.49 1325 3 343 5.46 0.34 14,78 5.0 7.00 Sample Information : Peristaltic pump / Submersible pump / Bladder Pump / Other Sample Method(s) Time **Bottle Type** Preservative/Filtration Comments **Analysis** Duplicate: GW-100427-A2-311A-1 (3) 40-mL VOA HCI, cool to 4°C Volatiles (8260B) HCI, cool to 4°C NWTPH-Gx (3) 40-mL VOA (2) 0.5 L Amber cool to 4°C NWTPH-Dx Glass **End Time** Comments / Exceptions: YES / (O) Presence of floating product? YES / NO Presence of sinking product? Notes: Where multiple visits are required to complete sampling, parameters are to be checked prior to sampling for each visit. Enter data under field comments.

Station Sample: ID)	P12-311	A +27-PL2-311	A - O	Field Tear	Date m: (Initials)	7/27/10 JB MM	
Field Cond			ool					
	1.410450		Purge	e Inforn	nation		₩	
Well Diameter	(in.)	2		Pur	ge Method:			
Well Depth (ft.		18,5				Bladder Pump		
Initial Depth to		8.26				Reristaltic Pu Other: :	imp)	
Depth of Wate 3 Casing Volu		3.96			Start Time	1216		1
1 Casing Volu		1.32			End Time	1420		
J				Total	Gallons Purged	6,5		
Time	Gallons	рН	Conductivity	NTU	DO	Temp.	ORP	Appearance
1329	5.2	7.08	3.189	4,42	0,36	14.74	-166.1	Clear / 11.
1334	5,4	7.06	3,133	5,13	0,34	14.68	-165.5	Clear /11.5
1337	5,6	7.09	3.del	4.81	0.37	14,70	-1658	Clear /11,8
1340	5,7	7.09	3.000	4.63	0.36	14.72	-166.2	Clear / 11, 8
1343	5.9	7.08	2,979	4.42	0,41	14,75	-166.3	Claar/11
1346	6.1	7.09	2.957	4.37	0.41	14,79	-166.3	alear (11.4
								*
						1		
			<u> </u>	-l- l-f-				
Sample Me	ethod(s)	: Peristalt	i c pump / Sub		rmation pump / Blade	der Pump /	Other	
Ana	lysis	Time	Bottle Type	Preserv	/ative/Filtratio	n	Comments	6
	(8260B)	1349/1355	(3) 40-mL VOA	HCI, cool t	to 4°C	N alvata	- GW-10	0427-862-311
		I .	l .			_		<u> </u>
NWTF	PH-Gx	1 .	(3) 40-mL VOA (2) 0.5 L Amber	HCI, cool	to 4°C	Duplicai		***************************************
NWT	PH-Dx	1349/1355	Glass	cool to 4°C)	Duplica	Йе	
					•			
	1							
				1				
		111 - 6	1					
End Time) ————————————————————————————————————	1420	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Droon	of flootine	producto		nents / E	xceptions:	araduata	YES / NO)
Presence	oi noating	product?	YES / NO	riesen	ce of sinking p	JOUUUL!	TES/ INC	,

OA-9 IM Groundwater Sampling Field Data

Boeing Plant 2. Seattle/Tukwila, Washington Date Station Field Team: (Initials) Sample: ID GW-100+29-PUZ-606A-WW Field Conditions Cloudy - cool **Purge Information** Purge Method: Submersible pump Well Diameter (in.) Bladder Pump Well Depth (ft.) 22.0 (10.80° on 4/29) Peristaltic Pump Initial Depth to Water (ft.) 10.80 Other:: Depth of Water Column 11,20 5.38 Start Time 3 Casing Volumes **End Time** 1000 1 Casing Volume Total Gallons Purged B 5.2 Appearance DTw (ft ORP Temp. Conductivity DO Time Gallons Ha PURCETE BEGIN 51 5.54 4.16 -/, 1 24,41 4.91 53 14.24 Cloon 97 14.24 2,7 30,8 14.29 14.60 32,5 10,53 war /12,043 28:7 10.38 37.4 44,9 12.01 14.33 10.06 53,4 12,00 17,49 95 4,30 60.9 11,98 4.32 23.3 14.32 0913 Sample Information Sample Method(s) : Peristaltic pump / Submersible pump / Bladder Pump / Other Preservative/Filtration Comments **Bottle Type** Analysis Time (3) 40-mL VOA HCI, cool to 4°C Volatiles (8260B) (3) 40-mL VOA HCI, cool to 4°C **NWTPH-Gx** (2) 0.5 L Amber cool to 4°C NWTPH-Dx Glass 100% **End Time** Comments / Exceptions: YES / NO YES / NO Presence of sinking product? Presence of floating product?

Station	P12-60	XOX		le/Tukwila, W	Date L	4/29/10	
Sample: ID Field Conditions	Ciench	19-PLZ-606/	1-0	Field Team	i: (iniliais) j	JB M'U	
		Purge	Inform	ation	PRISC .	<i>b</i>	
Vell Diameter (in.)	2-		Purç	ge Method : :	Submersible pu Bladder Pump	ımp	
Vell Depth (ft.) nitial Depth to Water (ft.)	10.80	(10.89)			Peristaltic Pur	pp>	
Depth of Water Column	11,20			г	Other: :		
Casing Volumes	5,3%			Start Time End Time	0802 1005		
Casing Volume	1.79		Total	Gallons Purged	5.2		
Time Gallons	рН	Conductivity	NTU	DO	Temp.	ORP	Appearance /
1918 3,2	9,62	0.741	21,2	16,35	14.31	79.8	Char / 11.96
0923 3.4	9.54	0.741	36,5	17.17	14.53	90,8	Clear (12.20
0926 35	9.48	0.746	19.6	16,77	14.49	97.2	1
0929 3.7	9,43	0.751	15,4	16,56	14.48	102,5	Clear /12,25
0932 3,9	9.35	0,760	13.3	16.39	14.40	110,9	Char / 12, 24
0935 4.1	9.35	0.765	14.6	16.16	14,46	1142	Quew/12.25
0938 4,3		0.767	12.1	15.54	14.56	1188	Clear/12.23
0941 4.3		0,765	15.2	15,41	14.55	122.6	Char/12.23
0944 4,5	-	0.760	15.5	14.81	14.57	127.1	Clear/12,22
	9.20	0,756	15,5	14,56	14,65	129.9	Clear / 12.20
0960 4,7		0.752	15.4	14072	14,02	132.6	Char /12,18
		Sam		rmation			
Sample Method(s)	: Peristal	tic pump / Sub	mersible	pump / Blad	der Pump /	Other	
Analysis	Time	Bottle Type	Preserv	/ative/Filtratio	on T	Comment	3
Volatiles (8260B)	0957	(3) 40-mL VOA	HCI, cool	to 4°C			
NWTPH-Gx	0957	(3) 40-mL VOA	HCI, cool	to 4°C		·	
NWTPH-Dx	0957	(2) 0.5 L Amber Glass	cool to 4°	<u> </u>			
				•	-		
					<u> </u>		
End Time	1008			Exceptions:			

OA-9 IM Groundwater Sampling Field Data

Boeing Plant 2, Seattle/Tukwila, Washington 4/29/10 Date I Station Field Team: (Initials) 6W-100+29 - P Sample: ID donder all Field Conditions **Purge Information** Purge Method: Submersible pump Well Diameter (in.) Bladder Pump 22.0 Well Depth (ft.) (10.22 on 4/29/10) Peristaltic Pump 10.34 Initial Depth to Water (ft.) Other:: Depth of Water Column 11 100 1009 Start Time 5,60 3 Casing Volumes **End Time** 87 1 Casing Volume 4,5 Total Gallons Purged Appearance / DTW/4+ ORP Temp. DO NTU Conductivity pН Gallons Time 110,22 DWP GE 0 POM. Slightorage/10,32 -19.4 14.63 0,88 0.69 2.191 111090 21,5 0.61 2.17-1 Clearing 19.2 0.54 2.170 050 3 13.0 51 3.7 19.02 0.52 10.6 3.9 1138 15.0C 9.51 0,54 Sample Information Sample Method(s) : Peristaltic pump / Submersible pump / Bladder Pump / Other Comments Preservative/Filtration Bottle Type Time Analysis (3) 40-mL VOA HCI, cool to 4°C Volatiles (8260B) (3) 40-mL VOA HCI, cool to 4°C NWTPH-Gx (2) 0.5 L Amber cool to 4°C Glass NWTPH-Dx **End Time** Comments / Exceptions: YES / (NO) YES / NO Presence of sinking product? Presence of floating product?

Chain of Custody Record & Laboratory Analysis Request

ARI Assigned Number:		Turn-around Requested: Standard				Į.	of			1		Analytical Resources, Incorporated Analytical Chemists and Consultants		
ARI Client Company:	1.00 1.10 (1.10)	Phone:			Date: Ice Present?					7		4611 So Tukwila	outh 134th Place, Suite 100 , WA 98168	
Client Contact: Will First		1000 1000			No. of Cooler Coolers: Temps: 4.6						206-695-6200 206-695-6201 (
Client Project Name:	C 1						Γ	Analysis F	Requested		1	Y	Notes/Comments	
OA-9 IM Performance Client Project #: 17512 2 OA-9	Samplers:	4hd + 1	M. Maga		15 S	Ž Ž	7			· · · ·				
Sample ID	Date	Time	Matrix	No. Containers	200	Ž	7							
GW-100127-PLZ-332A-0	4/27/10	Ø937	GU	8	4	Z.								
	9/27/10	1049	GW	T.A.	Ý.	<i>y</i>	4			**********************			MSIMSD	
GN-188427-PLZ-310A-8	4/27/16	1159	CN	8	75L.	Х_	X							
GW-100427-912-311A-0	41271116	1349	612	8	又	人	X							
GW-188427-RZ-3141	4/27/16	1355	GW	8	X	X	X							
GW-100AZZ-RZ-314-1 Trip Blank	4/27/11		GW	To the second se	メ	X				ă.				
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Limits of Liability: ARI will perform all requested services in accordance with appropriate methodology following ARI Standard Operating Procedures and the ARI Quality Assurance Program. This program meets standards for the industry. The total liability of ARI, its officers, agents, employees, or successors, arising out of or in connection with the requested services, shall not exceed the Invoiced amount for said services. The acceptance by the client of a proposal for services by ARI release ARI from any liability in excess thereof, not withstanding any provision to the contrary in any contract, purchase order or cosigned agreement between ARI and the Client.

Sample Retention Policy: All samples submitted to ARI will be appropriately discarded no sooner than 90 days after receipt or 60 days after submission of hardcopy data, whichever is longer, unless alternate retention schedules have been established by work-order or contract.

Chain of Custody Record & Laboratory Analysis Request

ARI Assigned Number:	Turn-around Requested: Standard			Page:	f	of	1		Analytical Resources, Incorpora Analytical Chemists and Consult				
ARI Client Company:		Phone:			Date:	ia lic	lce Prese	ent?		\		4611 So Tukwila	outh 134th Place, Suite 100 , WA 98168
Client Contact: Will Enst					No. of Cooler Coolers: Temps;					206-695-6200 206-695-6201 (fax)			
Client Project Name:	C 1							Analysis R	equested				Notes/Comments
Client Project Name: OA-9 IM Performance Client Project #: 17512.2	Samplers:	Mal 2	. M. M.	######################################	150 K 00 K		eenstedig stationing stronger						
Sample ID	Date	Time	Matrix	No. Containers	83600	7	\$		e di				
GW-100429-PL2-606A-1	Alanlo	0957	GLI		<u>y</u>		X						
GW-100429-PLZ-645AR+	4129/10	\\. 4\.	641	63	×	4	<i>></i>			****			
Trip Blank	4/29/10	garley garley a training the	G-12/	O.	メ	人							
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Limits of Liability: ARI will perform all requested services in accordance with appropriate methodology following ARI Standard Operating Procedures and the ARI Quality Assurance Program. This program meets standards for the industry. The total liability of ARI, its officers, agents, employees, or successors, arising out of or in connection with the requested services, shall not exceed the Invoiced amount for said services. The acceptance by the client of a proposal for services by ARI release ARI from any liability in excess thereof, not withstanding any provision to the contrary in any contract, purchase order or cosigned agreement between ARI and the Client.

Sample Retention Policy: All samples submitted to ARI will be appropriately discarded no sooner than 90 days after receipt or 60 days after submission of hardcopy data, whichever is longer, unless alternate retention schedules have been established by work-order or contract.

ATTACHMENT E DATA VALIDATION REPORTS



TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

Date:March 11, 2010Project No.:013-1646-010.700.01To:Will ErnstCompany:The Boeing Company

From: Jill Lamberts, Staff Environmental Scientist

Kent Angelos, Principal and Project Director

RE: BOEING PLANT 2 - OA 9 IM DATA VALIDATION REVIEW - JAN 2010 SAMPLING ROUND

1.0 INTRODUCTION

A total of 8 water samples (including 1 field duplicate and 1 trip blank) were collected January 29, 2010 as part of the Boeing Plant 2 Groundwater Interim Measures Work Plan for Other Area 09 (OA 09) (July, 2008). These samples are for the Quarterly Sampling Program. Samples were analyzed by Analytical Resources Incorporated (ARI) of Tukwila, Washington for the following parameters:

- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) by EPA Method 8260C
- Total petroleum hydrocarbons gas, diesel and diesel extended range by Washington State Method NWTPH-G and NWTPH-Dx

Samples were analyzed in accordance with procedures described in *Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste*, *Physical/Chemical Methods (USEPA SW-846, 3rd edition) and Washington State Department of Ecology*.

2.0 SAMPLE DELIVERY GROUPS, SAMPLES AND ANALYSES

Samples were analyzed and results reported by the laboratory in batch numbers as summarized below:

QH61 (VOCs, NWTPH-G, NWTPH-Dx):

GW-100128-PL2-332A-0 GW-100128-PL2-311A-1 GW-100128-PL2-311A-0

GW-100128-PL2-604A-0 GW-100128-PL2-605AR-0 Trip Blank

GW-100128-PL2-310A-0 GW-100128-PL2-606A-0

Quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) reviews of laboratory data were performed in the laboratory in accordance with the laboratory quality assurance program plan. The data validation QA/QC review focused primarily on laboratory result summary sheets and quality control summary sheets to ensure that work plan data quality objectives were met for the project.

Data validation was conducted in accordance with the criteria outlined in the National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review (EPA 2008) modified to include method-specific requirements of the laboratory analytical methods. Raw data sheets were reviewed as necessary to confirm conditions reported and to support application of qualifiers to analytical results.

The validation level for the data is Level 1, as described in the QAPP (EPI, 2008). The following is a summary of quality control elements associated with each analytical fraction and the status of that element as a result of the data validation process.

3.0 SAMPLING, DOCUMENTATION AND REPORTING

Sample acknowledgements, chain-of-custody, request forms and data package completeness were evaluated with the following noted:

bp2 oa 9 im perf 05 dv report - 031110 - final

- SDG QH61: Cooler receipt form indicates that the sample date on the chain of custody was 1/28/2010, but the sample labels had a date of 1/29/2010. The lab was able to determine that the sample date was 1/29/2010 based on the sampling time having the same time as a field duplicate sample.
- Results for volatile organic compound 1, 1, 2-trichloro-1, 2, 2-trifluoroethane are reported in a truncated format (1, 1, 2-trichloro-1, 2, 2-trifluoroe) due to ARI report format. No action was taken.

4.0 VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS

Level 1 summary data packages were provided for the VOC analysis. The items reviewed during validation are summarized below.

4.1 Analytical Methods – acceptable

Samples for VOC analysis were analyzed by gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS) using EPA SW846 Method 8260C. The QAPP lists the method for VOCs as 8260B. ARI recently updated their methods due to a NELAP audit and a memo dated 6/1/2009 was sent to Boeing, EPI, and Golder Project Managers informing them of the change.

4.2 Sample Holding Times and Preservations – acceptable

All samples were prepared and analyzed within 14 days of sample collection (preserved water samples) or within 7 days of sample collection (unpreserved water samples) with the following exceptions:

- SDG QH61: Cooler receipt form indicates that the VOC vials for sample GW-100128-PL2-604A-0 had one pea-sized bubble in one of the vials. No action was required since the samples were all analyzed within 7 days and the other vial was ok.
- SDG QH61: The case narrative that the Trip Blank was received with a pH of 4. No action was taken as the sample was analyzed in less than 7 days.

4.3 Laboratory Reporting Limits

The laboratory achieved the reporting limits (RLs) required by the approved quality assurance project plan (EPI, 2008) with the following exceptions:

Quality assurance project plan (QAPP) reporting limits were not met for nine compounds. A review of current ARI detection limits shows that both method and reporting limits were recently updated (as of 6/1/2009). Compounds that do not meet QAPP stipulated reporting levels (RLs) are identified in the following table:

TABLE 1
OA12 Reporting Limits

Compound	QAPP Table 5 RLs (µg/L)	Lab Reported RLs (µg/L)
Chloromethane	0.2	0.5
Bromomethane	0.2	0.5
Methylene Chloride	0.3	0.5
Acetone	3	5.0
2-Butanone	2	5.0
Vinyl Acetate	0.5	1.0
2-Chloroethylvinylether	0.5	1.0
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	2	5.0
2-Hexanone	2	5.0



- No action was taken; this change in the RLs was sent by ARI to Boeing, EPI, and Golder Project Managers on June 1, 2009 and subsequently approved and implemented as part of the June 2009 QAPP compendium (Golder, 2009).
- Trichloroethene is listed twice in QAPP Table 5. No action was taken.
- The reporting limits were not met in cases in which the samples were analyzed at dilutions due to high concentrations of target compounds.

4.4 Instrument Calibration

Calibration review is not required under the QAPP; however, the lab provided information on the calibration performance in the case narratives. All of the calibration criteria were met with the following exceptions:

■ SDG QH61: ARI reported that the ccal for Acetone was out of control low on the 2/2/2010 date of analysis. Associated samples were qualified as estimated (J/UJ).

4.5 Blank Contamination – acceptable

The method blanks and trip blanks were free of contamination

4.6 Surrogate Recovery – acceptable

All surrogate recoveries were within control.

4.7 Matrix Spike Compound Recovery – acceptable

Matrix Spike (MS) and Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD) analysis was performed on GW-100128-PL2-604A-0 in SDG QH61. In SDGs where MS/MSD data are not available refer to LCS/LCSD and field duplicate data for precision and accuracy information. All MS/MSD recoveries and relative percent differences (RPDs) were acceptable with the following comments:

■ SDG PI20: The MS percent recovery was out of control low for 2-Chloroethylvinylether and the MSD percent recovery was out of control for styrene. No further action was taken as the LCS/LCSD and MS or MSD recoveries were in control.

Refer to Laboratory Control Sample data and field duplicate data for additional precision and accuracy information.

4.8 Laboratory Control Sample Recovery – *acceptable*

Laboratory control samples (LCS) were evaluated using control limits listed in Table 4 of the QAPP (EPI, 2008) and recently updated CLs on the ARI website. All LCS/LSCD recoveries and relative percent differences (RPDs) were acceptable.

4.9 Field Duplicate Sample Analysis – acceptable

Field duplicate samples were collected and analyzed as follows:

TABLE 2

Field Duplicates

Laboratory SDG	Sample	Field Duplicate Sample
QH61	GW-100129-PL2-311A-0	GW-100129-PL2-311A-1

Field duplicate analysis criteria were met.



5.0 TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON – GASOLINE, DIESEL, & MOTOR OIL

The laboratory provided a full data package for northwest total petroleum hydrocarbon (NWTPH) analysis for gasoline, diesel and motor oil; the items reviewed during validation are summarized below.

5.1 Analytical Methods – acceptable

Samples for TPH parameters were analyzed using the following methodology:

- NWTPH-Gasoline in the Toluene-Naphthalene range;
- NWTPH-Diesel in the C12-C24 range; and
- TPH-Motor Oil in the C24-C38 range.

5.2 Sample Holding Times – acceptable

All samples were prepared and/or analyzed within the recommended holding times:

- NWTPH-G All samples were analyzed within 14 days of sample collection (preserved water samples) or within 7 days of sample collection (unpreserved water samples).
- NWTPH-Dx All samples were extracted within 7 days for waters of sample collection and analyzed within 40 days from collection to analysis.

5.3 Laboratory Reporting

The laboratory compared sample chromatograms with gas, diesel and motor oil standard chromatograms and based on this comparison ARI qualified these results (as GRO, DRO, or MMO) to indicate qualitative or quantitative uncertainty with the results (the chromatogram was a poor match or other organics were detected in the sample). NWTPH-G and/or NWTPH-Dx (diesel and motor oil) sample results are considered estimated and qualified 'J' in the following instances.

■ SDG QH61: Samples GW-100128-PL2-604A-0, GW-100128-PL2-310A-0, GW-100129-PL2-311A-0, and GW-100129-PL2-311A-1 for NWTPH-G were qualified with a GRO qualifier. Results are qualified as estimated (J).

5.4 Laboratory Reporting Limits – acceptable

The laboratory achieved the reporting limits (RLs) required by the approved quality assurance project plan (EPI, 2008). The reporting limits were not met in cases in which the samples were analyzed at dilutions due to high concentrations of target compounds. No action was taken.

5.5 Blank Contamination – acceptable

The method and equipment blanks were free of target compounds.

5.6 Surrogate Recovery – acceptable

All surrogate recoveries were within control limits.

5.7 Matrix Spike Compound Recovery

Matrix Spike (MS) and Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD) analysis was performed on GW-100128-PL2-604A-0 in SDG QH61. In SDGs where MS/MSD data are not available refer to LCS/LCSD and field duplicate data for precision and accuracy information. All MS/MSD recoveries and relative percent differences (RPDs) were acceptable with the following exceptions:



■ SDG QH61: The MS/MSD for NWTPH-G was out of control for sample GW-100128-PL2-604A-0. The sample was qualified as estimated due to matrix effects (J).

5.8 Laboratory Control Sample Recovery – *acceptable*

Laboratory control samples (LCS) were evaluated and were within the control limits listed in the QAPP (EPI, 2008).

5.9 Field Duplicate Sample Analysis – acceptable

Field duplicate samples were collected and analyzed as follows:

TABLE 3 Field Duplicates

Laboratory SDG	Sample	Field Duplicate Sample
QH61	GW-100129-PL2-311A-0	GW-100129-PL2-311A-1

Field duplicate analysis criteria were met.

6.0 DATA QUALIFIERS

Data qualifiers applied by the laboratory have been removed from the data summary report sheets and superseded by data validation qualifiers as follows:

The following qualifiers were used to modify the data quality and usefulness of individual analytical results.

- U The constituent was analyzed for, but was not detected above the reported sample quantitation limit.
- J The constituent was positively identified and detected; however, the concentration reported is an estimated value because the result is less than the quantitation limit or quality control criteria were not met.
- J+ The constituent was positively identified and detected; however, the concentration reported is an estimated value because the result may be biased high.
- J- The constituent was positively identified and detected; however, the concentration reported is an estimated value because the result may be biased low.
- UJ The constituent was not detected; the associated quantitation limit is an estimated value because quality control criteria were not met.
- Data are rejected due to significant exceedance of quality control criteria. The analyte may or may not be present. Additional sampling and analysis may be required to determine the presence or absence of the constituent. For statistical reasons, rejected values are not included in the database.
- UR The constituent is rejected at the reported quantitation limit.
- Y The reporting limit is elevated due to interference. The result is not detected.



7.0 DATA ASSESSMENT

Data review and validation was performed by an experienced quality assurance chemist independent of the analytical laboratory and not directly involved in the project. This is to certify that I have examined the analytical data and based on the information provided to me by the laboratory, in my professional judgment, the data are acceptable for use except where indicated by data qualifiers, which may modify the usefulness of those individual values.

Jel Janulest	March 11, 2010
Jill Lamberts	Date
Staff Environmental Scientist, Golder	
West Ways los	March 22, 2010
Kent Angelos	Date
Principal & Project Director, Golder	

8.0 REFERENCES

EPA 2008, USEPA Contract Laboratory Program, National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review, EPA-540-R-08-01, June, 2008.

EPI 2008, Interim Measures Work Plan For Other Area 9, Boeing Plant 2, Seattle/Tukwila, Washington, Prepared by Environmental Partners, Inc. (EPI), July 2008 (Includes QAPP).

Golder Associates Inc. (Golder), 2009, Compendium of Sampling and Analysis Plans and Quality Assurance Plans for Boeing Plant 2, Prepared for The Boeing Company by Golder Associates Inc. (Golder) and Environmental Partners, Inc. (EPI), June of 2009.





TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

Date:May 20, 2010Project No.:013-1646-010.700.01To:Will ErnstCompany:The Boeing Company

From: Kate McPeek, Environmental Scientist Email: kmcpeek@golder.com

Kent Angelos, Principal and Project Director

cc: Doug Kunkel, and Jeff Dengler, EPI

RE: BOEING PLANT 2 - OA 9 IM DATA VALIDATION REVIEW - APRIL 2010 SAMPLING

ROUND

1.0 INTRODUCTION

A total of 9 water samples (including 1 field duplicate and 2 trip blanks) were collected April 27 and 29, 2010 as part of the Boeing Plant 2 Groundwater Interim Measures Work Plan for Other Area 09 (OA 09) (July, 2008). These samples are for the Quarterly Sampling Program. Samples were analyzed by Analytical Resources Incorporated (ARI) of Tukwila, Washington for the following parameters:

- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) by EPA Method 8260C
- Total petroleum hydrocarbons gas, diesel and diesel extended range by Washington State Method NWTPH-G and NWTPH-Dx

Samples were analyzed in accordance with procedures described in *Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods (USEPA SW-846, 3rd edition) and Washington State Department of Ecology.*

2.0 SAMPLE DELIVERY GROUPS, SAMPLES AND ANALYSES

Samples were analyzed and results reported by the laboratory in batch numbers as summarized below:

QU47 (VOCs, NWTPH-G, NWTPH-Dx):

GW-100427-PL2-332A-0 GW-100427-PL2-310A-0 GW-100427-PL2-311A-1

GW-100427-PL2-604A-0 GW-100427-PL2-311A-0 Trip Blank

QU68 (VOCs, NWTPH-G, NWTPH-Dx):

GW-100429-PL2-606A-0 GW-100429-PL2-605AR-0 Trip Blank

Quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) reviews of laboratory data were performed in the laboratory in accordance with the laboratory quality assurance program plan. The data validation QA/QC review focused primarily on laboratory result summary sheets and quality control summary sheets to ensure that work plan data quality objectives were met for the project.

Data validation was conducted in accordance with the criteria outlined in the National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review (EPA 2008) modified to include method-specific requirements of the laboratory analytical methods. Raw data sheets were reviewed as necessary to confirm conditions reported and to support application of qualifiers to analytical results.

The validation level for the data is Level 1, as described in the QAPP (EPI, 2008). The following is a summary of quality control elements associated with each analytical fraction and the status of that element as a result of the data validation process.

3.0 SAMPLING, DOCUMENTATION AND REPORTING

Sample acknowledgements, chain-of-custody, request forms and data package completeness were evaluated with the following noted:

Results for volatile organic compound 1, 1, 2-trichloro-1, 2, 2-trifluoroethane are reported in a truncated format (1, 1, 2-trichloro-1, 2, 2-trifluoroe) due to ARI report format. No action was taken.

4.0 VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS

Level 1 summary data packages were provided for the VOC analysis. The items reviewed during validation are summarized below.

4.1 Analytical Methods – acceptable

Samples for VOC analysis were analyzed by gas chromatography/mass spectrometry (GC/MS) using EPA SW846 Method 8260C. The QAPP lists the method for VOCs as 8260B. ARI recently updated their methods due to a NELAP audit and a memo dated 6/1/2009 was sent to Boeing, EPI, and Golder Project Managers informing them of the change.

4.2 Sample Holding Times and Preservations – acceptable

All samples were prepared and analyzed within 14 days of sample collection (preserved water samples) or within 7 days of sample collection (unpreserved water samples) with the following exceptions:

SDG QU47: Cooler receipt form indicates that the VOC vials for the trip blank had two small air bubbles. No action was required since the samples were analyzed within 7 days.

4.3 Laboratory Reporting Limits

The laboratory achieved the reporting limits (RLs) required by the approved quality assurance project plan (EPI, 2008) with the following exceptions:

Quality assurance project plan (QAPP) reporting limits were not met for nine compounds. A review of current ARI detection limits shows that both method and reporting limits were recently updated (as of 6/1/2009). Compounds that do not meet QAPP stipulated reporting levels (RLs) are identified in the following table:

TABLE 1
OA12 Reporting Limits

Compound	QAPP Table 5 RLs (µg/L)	Lab Reported RLs (µg/L)
Chloromethane	0.2	0.5
Bromomethane	0.2	0.5
Methylene Chloride	0.3	0.5
Acetone	3	5.0
2-Butanone	2	5.0
Vinyl Acetate	0.5	1.0
2-Chloroethylvinylether	0.5	1.0
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	2	5.0
2-Hexanone	2	5.0



- No action was taken; this change in the RLs was sent by ARI to Boeing, EPI, and Golder Project Managers on June 1, 2009 and subsequently approved and implemented as part of the June 2009 QAPP compendium (Golder, 2009).
- Trichloroethene is listed twice in QAPP Table 5. No action was taken.
- The reporting limits were not met in cases in which the samples were analyzed at dilutions due to high concentrations of target compounds.

4.4 Instrument Calibration – acceptable

Calibration review is not required under the QAPP; however, the lab provided information on the calibration performance in the case narratives. All of the calibration criteria were met.

4.5 Blank Contamination – acceptable

The method blanks and trip blanks were free of contamination

4.6 Surrogate Recovery

All surrogate recoveries were within control with the following exception:

SDG QU47: Surrogate DCE was out of control high for sample GW-100427-PL2-310A-0. The sample was reanalyzed with the surrogate recovery in control. Detects for the initial analysis of this sample were qualified as estimated (J).

4.7 Matrix Spike Compound Recovery

Matrix Spike (MS) and Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD) analysis was performed on GW-100427-PL2-604A-0 in SDG QU47. In SDGs where MS/MSD data are not available refer to LCS/LCSD and field duplicate data for precision and accuracy information. All MS/MSD recoveries and relative percent differences (RPDs) were acceptable with the following exceptions:

■ SDG QU47: The MS and MSD percent recoveries were out of control low for 2-Chloroethylvinylether and the out of control high for vinyl acetate. The parent sample was qualified UR for 2-chloroethylvinylether. Vinyl acetate was not detected in the sample; therefore no action was taken.

Refer to Laboratory Control Sample data and field duplicate data for additional precision and accuracy information.

4.8 Laboratory Control Sample Recovery – acceptable

Laboratory control samples (LCS) were evaluated using control limits listed in Table 4 of the QAPP (EPI, 2008) and recently updated CLs on the ARI website. All LCS/LSCD recoveries and relative percent differences (RPDs) were acceptable.

4.9 Field Duplicate Sample Analysis

Field duplicate samples were collected and analyzed as follows:

TABLE 2 Field Duplicates

Laboratory SDG	Sample	Field Duplicate Sample
QU47	GW-100427-PL2-311A-0	GW-100427-PL2-311A-1

Field duplicate analysis criteria were met with the following exception:



■ RPD for ethylbenzene was 22%. No action was taken except to note.

5.0 TOTAL PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON – GASOLINE, DIESEL, & MOTOR OIL

The laboratory provided Level I summary data packages for northwest total petroleum hydrocarbon (NWTPH) analysis for gasoline, diesel and motor oil. Items reviewed during validation are summarized below.

5.1 Analytical Methods – acceptable

Samples for TPH parameters were analyzed using the following methodology:

- NWTPH-Gasoline in the Toluene-Naphthalene range;
- NWTPH-Diesel in the C12-C24 range; and
- TPH-Motor Oil in the C24-C38 range.

5.2 Sample Holding Times – acceptable

All samples were prepared and/or analyzed within the recommended holding times:

- NWTPH-G All samples were analyzed within 14 days of sample collection (preserved water samples) or within 7 days of sample collection (unpreserved water samples).
- NWTPH-Dx All samples were extracted within 7 days for waters of sample collection and analyzed within 40 days from collection to analysis.

5.3 Laboratory Reporting – acceptable

The laboratory compared sample chromatograms with gas, diesel and motor oil standard chromatograms. Based on this comparison ARI qualifies (GRO, DRO, or MMO) when necessary to indicate qualitative or quantitative uncertainty with the results (the chromatogram was a poor match or other organics were detected in the sample). NWTPH-G and/or NWTPH-Dx (diesel and motor oil) sample results for SDGs QU47 and QU68 were not qualified.

5.4 Laboratory Reporting Limits – acceptable

The laboratory achieved the reporting limits (RLs) required by the approved quality assurance project plan (EPI, 2008). The reporting limits were not met in cases in which the samples were analyzed at dilutions due to high concentrations of target compounds. No action was taken.

5.5 Blank Contamination – acceptable

The method and equipment blanks were free of target compounds.

5.6 Surrogate Recovery – acceptable

All surrogate recoveries were within control limits.

5.7 Matrix Spike Compound Recovery

Matrix Spike (MS) and Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD) analysis was performed on GW-100427-PL2-604A-0 in SDG QU47 for NWTPH-G. Due an analyst error, the MS and MSD were not analyzed diesel and motor oil. No action was taken except to note this. In SDGs where MS/MSD data are not available refer to LCS/LCSD and field duplicate data for precision and accuracy information. All MS/MSD recoveries and relative percent differences (RPDs) were acceptable.



5.8 Laboratory Control Sample Recovery – acceptable

Laboratory control samples (LCS) were evaluated and were within the control limits listed in the QAPP (EPI, 2008).

5.9 Field Duplicate Sample Analysis – acceptable

Field duplicate samples were collected and analyzed as follows:

TABLE 3 Field Duplicates

Laboratory SDG	Sample	Field Duplicate Sample
QU47	GW-100427-PL2-311A-0	GW-100427-PL2-311A-1

Field duplicate analysis criteria were met.

6.0 DATA QUALIFIERS

Data qualifiers applied by the laboratory have been removed from the data summary report sheets and superseded by data validation qualifiers as follows:

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- UR The constituent is rejected at the reported quantitation limit.
- Y The reporting limit is elevated due to interference. The result is not detected.



7.0 DATA ASSESSMENT

Data review and validation was performed by an experienced quality assurance chemist independent of the analytical laboratory and not directly involved in the project. This is to certify that I have examined the analytical data and based on the information provided to me by the laboratory, in my professional judgment, the data are acceptable for use except where indicated by data qualifiers, which may modify the usefulness of those individual values.

Kat Milal	
	May 20, 2010
Kate McPeek	Date
Environmental Scientist, Golder	
West Wayslo-	May 20, 2010
Kent Angelos	Date
Principal & Project Director, Golder	

8.0 REFERENCES

EPA 2008, USEPA Contract Laboratory Program, National Functional Guidelines for Organic Data Review, EPA-540-R-08-01, June, 2008.

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